Document 3615

Filed 08/14/24

Page 1 of 111

Case 4:94-cv-02307-CW

and panel attorney assistance and training. Following the required meet-and-confer communications with Plaintiffs' counsel and the Court's expert, Defendants finalized the additional remedial measures on June 3, 2024. Defendants filed their notice of compliance, with the additional remedial measures, on June 3, 2024. [ECF No. 3596.] Plaintiffs filed their objections, Defendants filed a response to those objections, and Plaintiffs filed a reply to the response. (ECF Nos. 3600, 3607, 3608.) On July 31, 2024, the Court sustained in part Plaintiffs' objections and ordered Defendants to modify their further parole-related remedial plan. (ECF No. 3609.) Defendants provide this second notice of compliance with the Court's order. (*Id.*) Documents filed on June 3, 2024 that did not require modification in compliance with the July 31, 2024 order are not attached to this notice of compliance.

DEFENDANTS' NOTICE OF COMPLIANCE

1. Accommodations for Blind and Low-Vision Class Members

On June 3, 2024, Defendants finalized policies and procedures that address the identification, documentation, and provision of reading and writing accommodations for blind and low-vision class members; the production and service of documents related to blind and low-vision class members' parole suitability hearings, including Board of Parole Hearings (BPH) forms and notices, in alternate formats; access to assistive equipment; staff training; and class member education. (ECF No. 3584 at 2-5.) Defendants modified the policies and procedures filed with the Court on June 3, 2024 (ECF No. 3596 at 4-84), in compliance with the Court's July 31, 2024, order (ECF No. 3609).² The modified policies and procedures are, collectively, attached as Appendix A.

2. Video-Taped Materials for Deaf-Signers

On June 3, 2024, Defendants finalized policies and procedures that address video recording of parole suitability hearings; the provision of video-recorded sign language translations of documents; the viewing of the video recordings; staff training; and class member education. (ECF No. 3584 at 5-6.) Defendants modified the policies and procedures filed with the Court on

On June 28, 2024, Defendants filed a notice of errata to the notice of compliance. (ECF No. 3601.)

² Defendants did not highlight the modifications made to the attached documents.

27

28

A.1.1	Memorandum	IMPLEMENTATION OF PAROLE-RELATED	
(rev.)		ACCOMMODATIONS (revised Aug. 14, 2024)	
A.1.2	Operational	IMPLEMENTATION OF PAROLE-RELATED	
(rev.)	Procedure	ACCOMMODATIONS (revised Aug. 14, 2024)	

A.2.1	Memorandum	CORRECTIONAL COUNSELOR ROLE IN BOARD OF	
(rev.)		PAROLE HEARINGS PROCEEDINGS FOR INCARCERATED	
		PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES (revised Aug. 14, 2024)	
A.2.2	Chrono 128B	BPH Accommodation Questionnaire Chrono (revised	
(rev.)		Aug. 14, 2024)	
A.2.3	Chrono 128B	BPH Accommodation Questionnaire Chrono – Large	
(rev.)		Print (revised Aug. 14, 2024)	

A.3.1	Memorandum	ACCOMMODATIONS FOR INCARCERATED PERSONS
	(rev.)	WITH A VISION CODE (revised Aug. 14, 2024)
A.3.2	Operational	VISUAL ACCOMMODATIONS FOR INCARCERATED
	Procedure	PERSONS WITH A VISION CODE (revised Aug. 14, 2024)
	(rev.)	
A.3.3	Informational	ATTACHMENT B - FAQ Sheet (revised Aug. 14, 2024)
	sheet (rev.)	
A.3.5	Guideline	ATTACHMENT D - Large Print Document Guidelines
	(rev.)	(revised Aug. 14, 2024)
A.3.6	Informational	ATTACHMENT E - Printing SOMS Documents in Large
	sheet	Print (revised Aug. 14, 2024)
A.3.7	Chrono 128B	Visual Accommodation Assessment Refusal (new Aug.
(new)		14, 2024)

A.4.1	Policies and	Providing Documents to Persons with Vision Disabilities
(rev.)	Procedures	(with attachment) (revised Aug. 14, 2024)

A.1.1	Memorandum	IMPLEMENTATION OF PAROLE-RELATED
(rev.)		ACCOMMODATIONS (revised Aug. 14, 2024)

State of California

Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation

Memorandum

Date:

To: See Distribution List

Subject: IMPLEMENTATION OF PAROLE-RELATED ACCOMMODATIONS

On March 20, 2024, the *Armstrong* Court issued the "Order for Further Parole-Related Remedial Plan" regarding the accommodation of incarcerated persons designated as DPV (vision impaired, impacting placement) or DNV (vision impaired, not impacting placement), and incarcerated persons designated as DPH (hearing impaired, impacting placement) whose primary method of communication is sign language (deaf signers). The court order requires specific accommodations for DPV, DNV, and deaf signers before and after Board of Parole Hearings (BPH) proceedings. This policy describes the roles of a California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR) Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) Coordinator, a CDCR Sign Language Interpreter (SLI), and CDCR Law Library staff in implementation of the court order specific to deaf signers.

TRANSLATION OF BPH RELATED DOCUMENTS

Prior to an incarcerated person's BPH hearing, the Correctional Counselor (CC) I will serve a Comprehensive Risk Assessment (CRA). For incarcerated persons identified as deaf signers, a CDCR SLI will accompany the CC I to serve the paper version of the CRA. At the time of service of the CRA by the CC I, deaf signers shall meet with the SLI to have the CRA translated. The CC I will be required to assist in the full translation of the CRA, which may include reading the document aloud so that the translation can be completed by the SLI. The SLI shall use Microsoft (MS) Teams during the meeting to video record the translation (see Attachment A for additional instructions). The incarcerated person may ask the SLI clarifying questions specific to the translation to ensure they understand the translation. If the incarcerated person has concerns or questions regarding content of the CRA (e.g., disagreements about the findings or factual errors, legal questions or advise, etc.), the CC I shall direct the incarcerated person to reach out to their attorney.

Additionally, a deaf signer or their counsel may request that documents in the incarcerated person's central file or any other documents needed to prepare for a BPH proceeding be translated by a SLI that is video-recorded and placed onto a DVD. Documents include, but are not limited to, documents identified from the central file during the *Olson* Review, such as a Probation Officer's Report, Rules Violation Reports, laudatory chronos, etc. If a deaf signer makes such a request, a CDCR SLI shall video-record themselves via MS Teams translating the requested document(s). The incarcerated person does not need to be present during the SLI's translation. The CC I will be required to assist in the translation of the requested document(s), which may include reading the document(s) aloud so that the translation can be completed by the SLI.

See Distribution List Page 2

ISSUANCE OF DVD PLAYERS

The ADA Office shall ensure the video recorded SLI translations that are transferred onto DVDs are provided to the incarcerated person. The ADA Office staff shall document the delivery of DVD(s) on a CDC Form 128B, General Chrono. The DVD of the translated CRA shall be provided to the incarcerated person no later than 60 days prior to the BPH hearing.

At institutions designated to house DPH incarcerated persons that require SLI, the ADA Office will maintain a sufficient inventory of portable DVD players for temporary issuance to deaf signers to view the DVD(s) privately and independently. Specific information regarding the procedure for issuance and tracking of the DVD players can be found in the attached LOP template.

ASSISTANCE WITH READING AND WRITING

Incarcerated persons with a disability impacting their ability to read and write independently (e.g., DPV, DNV, DPH, DDP, etc.) may request assistance from Law Library staff or ADA Workers to scribe documents related to a BPH proceeding.

The incarcerated persons will be provided with accommodations that allow them to read and write privately and independently using assistive devices or other technology. When more assistance is needed, a Semi-Skilled ADA Worker may assist the incarcerated person so long as the incarcerated person agrees to assistance from the ADA Worker. The ADA Worker or Law Library staff shall scribe what the incarcerated person wants to write, and Law Library staff shall provide three copies of the scribed document (one for the incarcerated person, one for their attorney, and one for BPH) at no cost to the incarcerated person.

PROOF OF IMPLEMENTATION

All institutions shall update their Disability Placement Program (DPP) LOP to reflect the direction included in this memorandum and provide a copy of the DPP LOP to their respective Mission Associate Director within 90 days of the release date of this memorandum. The revision may be incorporated as an addendum to be included in the next scheduled revision of the LOP.

All ADA Coordinators, SLIs, and Law Library staff shall be trained on the expectations of this memorandum by utilizing the Learning Management System, Course Code 11064136 within 90 calendar days of the date of this memorandum. Institutions shall provide a proof of practice to their respective Mission Associate Director.

See Distribution List Implementation of Parole-Related Accommodations Page 3

If you have any custody related questions, please contact Lourdes White, Chief, Class Action Management Unit, at (916) 835-5679 or Lourdes.White@cdcr.ca.gov.

If you have any library related questions, please contact Brandy Buenafe, Principal Librarian, Office of Correctional Education, at (916) 431-4443 or Brandy.Buenafe@cdcr.ca.gov.

RON BROOMFIELD
Director
Division of Adult Institutions

AMY CASIAS

Director

Division of Rehabilitative Programs

Attachments

DISTRIBUTION LIST:

Associate Directors, Division of Adult Institutions Wardens
Americans with Disabilities Act Coordinators
Supervisors of Correctional Education Programs
Classification and Parole Representatives
Correctional Counselors
Sign Language Interpreters
Law Library staff

cc: Jared D. Lozano

Jennifer Benavidez

Dawn Lorey

Edina Thomas

Lourdes White

Christopher Hees

Timothy Fleshman

Darnell Mebane

Jillian Hernandez

Jennifer Shaffer

Jessica Blonien

Shannon Swain

Rebecca Silbert

Brandy Buenafe

Katie Riley

Megan Roberts

A.1.2	Operational	IMPLEMENTATION OF PAROLE-RELATED
(rev.)	Procedure	ACCOMMODATIONS (revised Aug. 14, 2024)

Month, Year

I. OPERATIONAL PROCEDURE NO. XXX — IMPLEMENTATION OF PAROLE-RELATED ACCOMMODATIONS

II. PURPOSE AND OBJECTIVE

This procedure is written to provide clear guidelines for the provision of specific accommodations for DPV (vision impaired, impacting placement), DNV (vision impaired, not impacting placement), and Deaf-Signer (hearing impaired, impacting placement (DPH) who requires a Sign Language Interpreter (SLI) for communication) incarcerated persons before and after Board of Parole Hearings (BPH) proceedings. This policy describes the roles of a California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR) Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) Coordinator, a CDCR Sign Language Interpreter (SLI), and CDCR Law Library staff in implementation of the court order, specific to deaf signers.

III. REFERENCES

- California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 15, Section 3190, General Policy
- Armstrong Order for Further Parole-Related Remedial Plan (ECF No. 3584)
- Armstrong Court Ordered Remedial Plan, Amended January 3, 2001
- CDCR Department Operations Manual (DOM), Section 54030.8(c)(1), Personal Property Package Criteria
- Authorized Personal Property Schedule (APPS)
- CDCR memorandum titled, *Implementation of Parole Related Accommodations*, dated XXXXX, 2024.
- CDCR memorandum titled, Accommodations for Incarcerated Persons with a Vision Code, dated XXXXX, 2024.

IV. APPROVAL AND REVIEW

- A. This operational procedure and any modifications or inclusions must have the approval of the Warden annually in the month of XXXX.
- B. This procedure will be reviewed each XXXX by the ADA Coordinator and Classification and Parole Representative (C&PR) and submitted to the Warden for final approval.

V. IDENTIFICATION OF UPCOMING BPH HEARINGS FOR DEAF SIGNERS

On a weekly basis, the institutional BPH Case Records Desk shall notify the institution's ADA Office of all scheduled upcoming BPH hearings (within the next 15 months) for deaf signers.

OP No. XXX Page 1 of 6

Month, Year

Following a deaf signer's BPH hearing, BPH will send a video recording of the hearing on DVD to the ADA Office. An ADA Office staff member will provide the DVD of the BPH hearing to the incarcerated person. Notably, providing deaf signers with videos of the BPH hearing and CRA supplements and does not replace the existing processes for providing paper copies of these documents. The paper copies of documents shall be served to the incarcerated person under existing processes.

VI. TRANSLATION OF BPH RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Comprehensive Risk Assessment (CRA)

The assigned correctional counselor (CC) will coordinate with the CDCR SLI to arrange for the initial delivery of the paper copy of the CRA and the subsequent in-person translation and recording of the CRA for the deaf signer. This translation is a court ordered requirement and must be produced in video format (i.e., DVD), to allow the incarcerated person to view the translation of the document. The SLI shall utilize Microsoft (MS) Teams during the meeting to video record the translation (see Attachment A for additional instructions). The CC shall document an incarcerated person's refusal of any aspect of these accommodations (i.e., refusal to be present during translation, refusal to have translation video recorded, etc.) on a CDC Form 128B, General Chrono.

Once the recording is completed, the SLI shall provide the DVD to the ADA Office, who will ensure that the recording is issued to the incarcerated person no later than 60 calendar days prior to the BPH hearing.

B. Other BPH Related Translations

Additionally, deaf signers may request to have other documents related to preparing for their parole hearings translated into sign language and video recorded. This may include, but is not limited to, documents identified from the central file during the *Olson* Review, such as a Probation Officer's Report, Rules Violation Reports, laudatory chronos, etc. Should the deaf signer or their attorney request additional documents to be translated into sign language (*see* Section XI for examples), the request shall be sent to the CC and then referred to the SLI, who will complete the video-recorded translation.

VII. ISSUANCE OF PORTABLE DVD PLAYERS

When a deaf signer has an upcoming BPH proceeding, the ADA Office shall ensure issuance of the DVD player to the incarcerated person within five business days of notice of the upcoming BPH proceeding. The ADA Office will ensure the device is functional upon issuance.

OP No. XXX Page 2 of 6

Month, Year

A. Duration of Accommodation

Deaf signers shall have access to the DVD player for one year prior to a scheduled BPH hearing or within five business days of notice of a scheduled hearing within the next twelve months. Deaf signers shall be permitted to retain the DVD player for six months after the BPH hearing or until post-hearing tasks are completed.

B. Training

At the time of issuance of the DVD player, the incarcerated person shall be trained by an ADA Office staff member on how to use the device, including use of the fast-forward, pause, and reverse functions.

C. Record of Issuance

The ADA Office staff member shall have the incarcerated person sign a CDC Form 128B, DVD Player Issuance Chrono, (see Attachment B) upon issuance of the device, and a copy of the DVD Player Issuance Chrono will be forwarded to Case Records for scanning into the Electronic Records Management System (ERMS), Miscellaneous tab, with the incarcerated person retaining a copy of the DVD Player Issuance Chrono. The incarcerated person shall be allowed to refuse acceptance of the DVD player, and that will be documented on the DVD Player Issuance Chrono.

The DVD players are considered state property. The incarcerated person will be financially responsible for the intentional damage, alteration, or destruction of the DVD player. As such the incarcerated person shall sign a conditional CDC Form 193, Inmate Trust Account Withdrawal, which stipulates the cost the incarcerated person must pay if the DVD player is intentionally damaged, altered, or destroyed and needs to be replaced.

D. Request for Replacement DVD Player or DVD

The incarcerated person may request a replacement DVD player if reasonable wear and tear occurs to the device. The incarcerated person will receive another device as a one-for-one exchange via submission of a Form GA 22 to the ADA office. In addition, the DVD player shall be replaced if it has been determined the DVD player was lost, damaged, or destroyed due to staff neglect, or due to no fault of the incarcerated person. The ADA Coordinator shall replace the non-functional device within five business days of notification of non-functionality. The ADA Coordinator will also arrange for the repair or replacement of any nonfunctional DVDs upon notification that they are defective and no longer working.

OP No. XXX Page 3 of 6

Month, Year

E. Property Requirements

The requirements listed in the CCR, Title 15, and APPS, wherein the incarcerated persons receive equipment in clear color, shall *not* be applied to the DVD player approved under this process. As such, the DVD player provided will not count against the incarcerated person's total square footage of property nor be restricted by the three-appliance limit, as outlined in the DOM, Section 54030.8(c)(1). These DVD players will not be considered the incarcerated person's personal property nor be considered a healthcare appliance, as outlined in CCR, Title 15, Section 3190.

Incarcerated persons, who have received a DVD player, are approved to have the device within their possession in housing unit settings (including Restrictive Housing) in addition to Law Libraries.

During institutional transfers, the DVDs shall be inventoried and packed with the incarcerated person's property for transfer. Upon transfer, parole, or discharge, the DVD player shall be collected by the ADA Office staff for appropriate tracking, however the DVDs will remain the property of the incarcerated person.

VIII. TRACKING

A. Confiscation, Damage, and Destruction

These DVD players and associated DVDs shall not be confiscated without cause during routine cell searches or when an incarcerated person is disciplined. Should a DVD player become an immediate security threat (e.g., altered or used as a weapon, etc.) the device shall be confiscated. In addition, the device will be confiscated if necessary to be collected as evidence in a crime or investigation (must be supported by documentation). If the device is confiscated, the ADA Coordinator shall ensure an appropriate interim accommodation is provided to the incarcerated person.

If the device or any of the components (e.g., cords, chargers, etc.) are damaged, altered, or destroyed, the custody supervisor shall determine if it was intentional or unintentional based on the circumstances (to include an interview with the incarcerated person, documented on a CDC Form 128B) and provide all available information to the ADA Coordinator. The ADA Coordinator will determine the best course of action (i.e., replace the device, provide an alternate assistive device). If the ADA Coordinator determines the best course of action is to remove the device, the ADA Coordinator shall also ensure it is removed from the incarcerated person's *Registerable Property* screen via the SOMS Module. Pending replacement of the

OP No. XXX Page 4 of 6

Month, Year

device, the incarcerated person will be provided an alternative device if possible. As these devices are considered state property, the incarcerated person will be financially responsible for intentional damage, alteration, or destruction of the device, and may be subject to disciplinary action pursuant to CCR Title 15, Section 3011.

IX. PROCUREMENT OF DVD PLAYERS

At institutions designated to house DPH incarcerated persons that require SLI, the ADA Coordinator will maintain an inventory of portable DVD players for temporary issuance to deaf signers to view the DVD(s) privately and independently. The ADA Coordinator shall assess current inventory of presently issued DVD players and maintain sufficient number of DVD players to facilitate prompt issuance or replacement, if warranted, as outlined in this LOP. These devices will be purchased through the existing procurement processes and the purchase orders shall be made within Functional Area 2710030, utilizing the commitment line item *Not-Otherwise Classified Non-IT Good* 9031123900.

X. ASSISTANCE WITH READING AND WRITING

Incarcerated persons with a disability impacting their ability to read and write independently (e.g., DPV, DNV, DPH, DDP, etc.) may request assistance from Law Library staff or ADA Workers to scribe documents related to a BPH proceeding.

The incarcerated persons will be provided with accommodations that allow them to read and write privately and independently using assistive devices or other technology. When more assistance is needed, a Semi-Skilled ADA Worker may assist the incarcerated person so long as the incarcerated person agrees to assistance from the ADA Worker. The ADA Worker or Law Library staff shall scribe what the incarcerated person wants to write, and Law Library staff shall provide three copies of the scribed document (one for the incarcerated person, one for their attorney, and one for BPH) at no cost to the incarcerated person.

At least one year before the incarcerated person's tentative parole hearing date and until incarcerated person's post-hearing tasks have been completed, if an incarcerated person needs access to a printer to accommodate their reading and writing needs related to their BPH proceedings, the ADA Office staff shall print the requested documents related to incarcerated person's BPH proceeding as soon as reasonably possible at no cost to the incarcerated person.

XI. PROVIDING BPH DOCUMENTS IN ACCESSIBLE FORMAT

Forms produced for BPH proceedings may include but are not limited to:

OP No. XXX Page 5 of 6

Month, Year

- BPH 1001 Proposed Parole Consideration Decision
- BPH 1002 Notice of Rights (Consultations)
- BPH 1002 Notice of Rights (Initial/Subsequent/Rescission Hearings)
- BPH 1003 Hearing Rights Form
- Notice of Rights of Expanded Medical Parole (EMP)
- BPH 1004 Post-Conviction Report
- BPH 1045-A Petition to Advance Hearing Date
- BPH 1048(A) Nonviolent Eligibility
- BPH 1048(B) Nonviolent Referral
- BPH 1048(C) Nonviolent Decision
- BPH 1048(D) Nonviolent Decision Review
- BPH 1073 Notice and Request for Assistance at Parole Proceeding
- BPH 1073(a) Reasonable Accommodation Notice and Request
- BPH 1074 Request for Reasonable Accommodation Grievance Process
- BPH 1080 Notice of Date/Time/Place
- BPH 1135 Miscellaneous Decision
- BPH 1415 Summary of Offenders with a Mental Health Disorder Hearing and Decision
- Comprehensive Risk Assessment
- Hearing Transcript
- Notice of Confidential Information Disclosure in Advance of Parole Hearing Memorandum (NCID)
- Notice of DPV/DNV Rights for BPH Proceedings
- Notice of Deaf-Signer Rights for BPH Proceedings
- Offer and Documentation of Olson Review

XII. RESOURCE SUPPLEMENTS

Attachment A - MS Teams Job Aid

Attachment B - CDC Form 128-B DVD Player Issuance Chrono

Attachment C – Portable DVD Specifications Sheet

Attachment D – Portable DVD Player Tracking Sheet

XIII. APPROVALS

NAME

Warden

Institution

Division of Adult Institutions

A.2.1	Memorandum	CORRECTIONAL COUNSELOR ROLE IN BOARD OF
(rev.)		PAROLE HEARINGS PROCEEDINGS FOR INCARCERATED
		PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES (revised Aug. 14, 2024)

State of California

Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation

Memorandum

Date:

Associate Directors, Division of Adult Institutions
Wardens
Americans with Disabilities Act Coordinators
Classification and Parole Representatives
Correctional Counselors

Subject: CORRECTIONAL COUNSELOR ROLE IN BOARD OF PAROLE HEARINGS PROCEEDINGS FOR INCARCERATED PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

This memorandum delineates the roles and duties of Correctional Counselors (CC) in Board of Parole Hearings (BPH) proceedings, specifically as it pertains to those incarcerated persons in the Developmental Disability Program (DDP) and the Disability Placement Program (DPP). Pursuant to the memorandum titled, *Revised Correctional Counselor I Ratio Allocation Distribution Methodology and Process*, dated October 8, 2018, CCs shall "provide additional accommodation for disabled inmates to ensure equal access to programs, services, and activities, to include preparation for [BPH] Suitability hearings." The purpose of this memorandum is to detail these additional accommodations and assist CCs in fulfilling this role. This policy replaces the memorandum titled, *Correctional Counselor Role in Board of Parole Hearing Processes for Inmates with Disabilities*, dated January 18, 2022. The CCs shall issue all forms generated by Board Information Technology System (BITS). The CCs shall use effective communication during BPH encounters.

CCs are responsible for assisting incarcerated persons with disabilities in understanding, preparing for, and participating in the BPH suitability hearing process, as needed. CCs shall utilize the Strategic Offender Management System (SOMS) DPP Disability/Accommodation screen, and the Disability and Effective Communication System (DECs) via the BITS, to identify the incarcerated person's required accommodations. The CC shall review SOMS and DECS/BITS to identify the incarcerated person's need for assistance, primary and secondary method of effective communication, adaptive support needs, assistive device(s) or software (e.g., electronic magnifier, personal sound amplification device, Microsoft Ease of Access, etc.) that are required to accommodate the incarcerated person for BPH proceedings. Accommodations shall be provided in a manner to allow the incarcerated person privacy and independence in preparation for a BPH hearing or post-hearing tasks.

BPH ACCOMMODATIONS QUESTIONNAIRE

CCs shall review BITS at least weekly for any assignments associated with a BPH proceeding. When assigned to do so by BITS, the CC shall meet with the incarcerated person and complete a CDC Form 128-B, BPH Accommodations Questionnaire (see Attachment A). The BPH Accommodations Questionnaire includes documentation that the incarcerated person has been informed of their accommodations recorded in SOMS and DECS/BITS, and that the incarcerated person has indicated that these accommodations are sufficient to proceed with preparation for

Associate Directors, Division of Adult Institutions Wardens Americans with Disabilities Act Coordinators Classification and Parole Representatives Correctional Counselors Page 2

their BPH hearing. If the incarcerated person indicates the accommodations, as recorded in SOMS and DECS/BITS, are insufficient, the CC shall ask the incarcerated person what accommodations, if any, the CC may reasonably provide to proceed with the incarcerated person's preparation for their BPH hearing. If sufficient accommodations cannot be provided, the CC shall notify the ADA Coordinator. The ADA Coordinator shall route this concern through the Reasonable Accommodation Process (RAP) to determine appropriate action. The ADA Coordinator, or designee, shall record in SOMS the DPV/DNV incarcerated person's approved reading or writing accommodation(s) within seven calendar days of the issuance of the RAP decision identifying the incarcerated person's approved visual accommodation(s) and shall notify staff (including BPH staff) to provide the approved visual accommodation(s) to the incarcerated person in connection with their parole suitability hearing moving forward. The CC I shall ensure the BPH Accommodations Questionnaire is forwarded to Case Records, who will scan it into ERMS, in the General Chronos section.

NOTICE OF RIGHTS DOCUMENTS

When prompted to do so by BITS, the CC shall serve the incarcerated person with a Notice of DPV/DNV Rights for BPH Proceedings or a Notice of Deaf-Signer Rights for BPH Proceedings, as applicable. See Attachments B and C.

ACCESSIBLE FORMATS OF DOCUMENTS FOR INCARCERATED PERSONS WITH A VISION CODE

When preparing for BPH proceedings and completing post-hearing tasks, incarcerated persons with a DPP vision code impacting placement (DPV) or non-impacting placement (DNV) may require documents in accessible formats such as large print, Braille, audio, etc., or may require the use of assistive devices to assist with their review of documents. CCs shall review DECS/BITS and SOMS, and the information gathered from the incarcerated person in the BPH Accommodations Questionnaire, to determine the form of accommodation that best ensures effective communication for reading and writing. This may include printing out documents from the central file at no cost to the incarcerated person to enable them to review the documents with an assistive device if large print is their accommodation. If DECS/BITS or SOMS identifies the need for Braille or audio format, the CC shall coordinate with the ADA Coordinator to provide documents in an alternate format.

OLSON REVIEWS

In preparation for BPH hearings, incarcerated persons are afforded the opportunity to review their central file via an *Olson* review. The CC is to ensure incarcerated persons with disabilities are afforded this opportunity and, if needed, provide extra assistance to include reading handwritten or other documents not accessible with assistive software technology

Associate Directors, Division of Adult Institutions Wardens Americans with Disabilities Act Coordinators Classification and Parole Representatives Correctional Counselors Page 3

(e.g., Microsoft Ease of Access technology, Adobe Acrobat Read-out-loud, etc.), scribing notes for the incarcerated person during the *Olson* review, and arranging for accessible formats of documents identified by the incarcerated person for later use. See attached instructions for using Microsoft Ease of Access (see Attachment D) and Adobe Acrobat Read-out-loud features (see Attachment E). Any extra assistance provided shall be documented via CDC Form 128B, General Chrono. For additional printing requests outside of accessible formatting, California Code of Regulations, Title 15, Section 3162 and Department Operations Manual, Section 101120.15 will be followed.

VIDEO RECORDINGS OF SIGN LANGUAGE TRANSLATION OF DOCUMENTS FOR DEAF SIGNERS

Incarcerated persons designated as DPH (hearing impaired, impacting placement) whose primary method of communication is sign language (deaf signers) shall receive video recordings of specific documents translated by a Sign Language Interpreter (SLI). At the time of service of the Comprehensive Risk Assessment (CRA), deaf signers shall meet with an SLI to have the CRA translated. The CC will be required to assist in the full translation of the CRA, which may include reading the document aloud so that the interpretation can be completed by the SLI. The incarcerated person may ask the SLI clarifying questions specific to the translation to ensure they understand the translation. If the incarcerated person has concerns or questions regarding content of the CRA (e.g., disagreements about the findings or factual errors, legal questions or advice, etc.), the CC shall direct the incarcerated person to reach out to their attorney. The translation will be video recorded, and a copy of the video shall be provided to the incarcerated person via the ADA Office no later than 60 calendar days prior to the date of the hearing.

Additionally, deaf signers or their counsel may request to have any documents needed to prepare for their parole hearings translated into sign language and video recorded. This may include, but is not limited to, documents identified from the central file during the *Olson* Review, such as a Probation Officer's Report, Rules Violation Reports, laudatory chronos, etc. If a deaf signer makes such a request, a SLI shall videorecord themselves via MS Teams translating the requested documents. A copy of the video shall be provided to the incarcerated person via the ADA Office. The incarcerated person does not need to be present during the SLI's translation. The CC will be required to assist in the full translation of the requested documents, which may include reading the document(s) aloud so that the interpretation can be completed by the SLI.

PROOF OF IMPLEMENTATION

All institutions shall ensure CC duty statements are revised to include the noted clarifications and provide proof of practice to their respective Mission Associate Director within 90 calendar days from the date of issuance of this memorandum.

Associate Directors, Division of Adult Institutions Wardens Americans with Disabilities Act Coordinators Classification and Parole Representatives Correctional Counselors Page 4

All CCs shall be trained on the expectations of this memorandum by utilizing the Learning Management System, Course Code 11063804 within 90 calendar days of the date of this memorandum. Institutions shall provide a proof of practice to their respective Misson Associate Director.

This memorandum and the included attachments will be available on the Classification Services Unit (CSU) webpage, within the Mini Manual at https://cdcr.sharepoint.com/sites/CDCR OPS AO INS CSU/SitePages/CSU-Mini-Manual.aspx, under the topics BPH and Correctional Counselor Role in Board of Parole Hearing Processes for Incarcerated Persons with Disabilities.

If you have any questions, please contact Edina Thomas, Chief, CSU at (916) 323-3660 or Edina.Thomas@cdcr.ca.gov, and Lourdes White, Chief, Class Action Management Unit, at (916) 835-5679 or Lourdes.White@cdcr.ca.gov.

RON BROOMFIELD
Director
Division of Adult Institutions

Attachments

cc: Jared D. Lozano
Jennifer Benavidez
Dawn Lorey
Edina Thomas
Lourdes White
Christopher Hees
Timothy Fleshman
Darnell Mebane
Jillian Hernandez
Jennifer Shaffer
Jessica Blonien
Katie Riley
Megan Roberts

A.2.2	Chrono 128B	BPH Accommodation Questionnaire Chrono (revised
(rev.)		Aug. 14, 2024)

STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

BPH ACCOMMODATION QUESTIONNAIRE CHRONO CDC 128B (Revised 08/2024)

Page 1 of 2

IN	CARCERATED PERSON NAME CDCR NO. HOUSING	READIN	IG SCO	RE
per	California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR) has an obligation to posons equal access to programs, services, and activities, as required by state and federicans with Disabilities Act (ADA).			
con	are identified as having a disability, and your Disability Placement Program code is Demunicates with sign language. Below is a series of questions to determine which accord to prepare for your upcoming Board of Parole Hearings (BPH) proceedings.			
	QUESTIONS	YES	NO	N/A
1.	Would you like to participate in this questionnaire regarding your upcoming BPH hearing and how you will prepare for it? If yes continue with the interview. If no this concludes the interview			
2.	Are you aware of your upcoming BPH hearing? Hearing Date or No Later Than Date:			
3.	Would you like an <i>Olson</i> Review before your BPH hearing or tentative hearing date? Staff shall explain what an Olson Review is for incarcerated persons who (1) have never been before the BPH or (2) have not had a BPH hearing in the last 5 years. Staff shall inform the incarcerated person they will be officially offered the Olson Review closer to their hearing.			
4.	What assistance do you need to prepare for your BPH hearing to include the Olson Recheck appropriate boxes. Accommodations for Incarcerated Persons with a Vision Code (if applicable)	Review?	Staff, _I	olease
	Reading			
	ReadingWriting (i.e., scribing)			
	Writing (i.e., scribing)			
	Writing (i.e., scribing)Staff Assistance			
	 Writing (i.e., scribing) Staff Assistance ADA Worker assistance (specify in <i>Comments</i> section) 			
	 Writing (i.e., scribing) Staff Assistance ADA Worker assistance (specify in <i>Comments</i> section) Magnifier (e.g., full sheet, handheld, electronic, etc.) 			
	 Writing (i.e., scribing) Staff Assistance ADA Worker assistance (specify in <i>Comments</i> section) Magnifier (e.g., full sheet, handheld, electronic, etc.) Documents in an alternate format (e.g., large print, etc.) Other magnifying machines available in law library (e.g., Merlin, Davinci, JAWS software, etc.) 			
	 Writing (i.e., scribing) Staff Assistance ADA Worker assistance (specify in <i>Comments</i> section) Magnifier (e.g., full sheet, handheld, electronic, etc.) Documents in an alternate format (e.g., large print, etc.) Other magnifying machines available in law library (e.g., Merlin, Davinci, JAWS software, etc.) Accommodations for Deaf Signers (if applicable) 			

DISTRIBUTION Original: ERMS Copies: ADA Office, Incarcerated Person

STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

BPH ACCOMMODATION QUESTIONNAIRE CHRONO CDC 128B (Revised 08/2024)

Page 2 of 2

QU	IESTIONS		YES	NO	N/A
Other Accommodations					
 Additional time in the library 					
Other accommodation(s) not list If we staff shall document requal		rtion			
If yes, staff shall document requests. 5. Do you know how to request addition hearing? If no, staff shall explain to the additional time. Inform the incarceral assistance with reading and writing, want to prepare for the BPH hearing.					
The following forms are now available in I Assistance at a Parole Proceeding (BPH Fo Petition to Advance Hearing Date (BPH Fo Rights (BPH Form 1002), Notice of DPV-Di	orm 1073), Request for I form 1045-A), Hearing R	Reasonable Accommodat ights Form (BPH Form 10	ions (Bl	PH Forn	n 1074),
Additional Comments:					
INCARCERATED PERSON NAME	CDCR NUMBER	INCARCERATED PERS	ON SIGI	NATUR	E
STAFF NAME AND TITLE (PRINTED)	DATE ISSUED	STAFF SIGNATURE			
f the incarcerated person refuses to part		ah a ak thia hay			
	icinate in the interview	CUBCK THIS DOVE I			
f the incarcerated person refuses to sign,	·	, check this box			

DISTRIBUTION Original: ERMS Copies: ADA Office, Incarcerated Person

A.2.3	Chrono 128B	BPH Accommodation Questionnaire Chrono – Large
(rev.)		Print (revised Aug. 14, 2024)

STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS BPH ACCOMMODATION QUESTIONNAIRE CHRONO – LARGE PRINT CDC 128B (Revised 08/2024) Page 1 of 5

INC	NCARCERATED PERSON NAME CDCR NO. HOUSING READING SCORE							
incar	The California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR) has an obligation to provide all nearcerated persons equal access to programs, services, and activities, as required by state and ederal law, including the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA).							
or DI acco	You are identified as having a disability, and your Disability Placement Program code is DPV, DNV, or DPH who communicates with sign language. Below is a series of questions to determine which accommodations you may need to prepare for your upcoming Board of Parole Hearings (BPH) proceedings.							
	QUES	TIONS		YES	NO	N/A		
1.	Would you like to participate upcoming BPH hearing and how If yes continue with the interview	you will prepar	e for it?					
2.	Are you aware of your upcoming date?	g BPH hearing or	tentative hearing					

DISTRIBUTION Original: ERMS Copies: ADA Office, Incarcerated Person

Hearing Date or No Later Than Date:

STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS BPH ACCOMMODATION QUESTIONNAIRE CHRONO – LARGE PRINT CDC 128B (Revised 08/2024)

Page 2 of 5

	QUESTIONS	YES	NO	N/A
3.	Would you like an Olson Review before your BPH hearing?			
	Staff shall explain what an Olson Review is for incarcerated persons			
	who (1) have never been before the BPH or (2) have not had a BPH			
	hearing in the last 5 years. Staff shall inform the incarcerated person			
	they will be officially offered the Olson Review closer to their hearing.			
4.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			eview?
Staff, please check appropriate boxes.				
	Accommodations for Incarcerated Persons with a Vision Code (if applicable)			
	• Reading			
	Writing (i.e., scribing)			
	Staff Assistance			
	 ADA Worker assistance (specify in comments section) 			
	 Magnifier (e.g., full sheet, handheld, electronic, etc.) 			
	 Documents in an alternate format (e.g., large print, etc.) 			

Original: ERMS Copies: ADA Office, Incarcerated Person **DISTRIBUTION**

STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS BPH ACCOMMODATION QUESTIONNAIRE CHRONO – LARGE PRINT CDC 128B (Revised 08/2024)

Page 3 of 5

QUESTIONS	YES	NO	N/A
Other magnifying machines available in law library (e.g., Merlin,			
Davinci, JAWS software, etc.)			
Accommodations for Deaf Signers (if applicable)			
 Sign Language Interpreter (DPH, Primary SLI Only) 			
 Assistive Device(s) (e.g., Personal Sound Amplification Product 			
[PSAP], iPad, etc.,)			
Writing (i.e., scribing)			
Other Accommodations			
 Additional time in the library 			
 Other accommodation(s) not listed 			
If yes, staff shall document requests in the Comment section.			

Original: ERMS Copies: ADA Office, Incarcerated Person **DISTRIBUTION**

Case 4:94-cv-02307-CW Document 3615 Filed 08/14/24 Page 28 of 111

STATE OF CALIFORNIA **DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS BPH ACCOMMODATION QUESTIONNAIRE CHRONO – LARGE PRINT** CDC 128B (Revised 08/2024)

Page 4 of 5

	QUESTIONS	YES	NO	N/A
5.	Do you know how to request additional time in the library to prepare for your BPH hearing? If no, staff shall explain to the incarcerated person how to request additional time. Inform the incarcerated person they can ask law library staff for assistance with reading and writing, including writing any documents they may want to prepare for the BPH hearing.			

The following forms are now available in large print, braille, and audio at the law library: Notice and Request for Assistance at a Parole Proceeding (BPH Form 1073), Request for Reasonable Accommodations (BPH Form 1074), Petition to Advance Hearing Date (BPH Form 1045-A), Hearing Rights Form (BPH Form 1003), Notice of Hearing Rights (BPH Form 1002), Notice of DPV-DNV Rights, and Notice of Deaf-Signer Rights.

Original: ERMS ADA Office, Incarcerated Person **DISTRIBUTION** Copies:

STATE OF CALIFORNIA BPH ACCOMMODATION QUESTIONNAIRE CHRONO – LARGE PRINT CDC 128B (Revised 08/2024) Page 5 of 5

Additional Comments:		
INCARCERATED PERSON NAME	CDCR NO.	INCARCERATED PERSON SIGNATURE
STAFF NAME AND TITLE (PRINTED)	DATE ISSUED	STAFF SIGNATURE
If the incarcerated person refuses to pa	articipate in the int	erview, check this box \square
f the incarcerated person refuses to sign	gn, check this box [

DISTRIBUTION Original: ERMS Copies: ADA Office, Incarcerated Person

A.3.1	Memorandum	ACCOMMODATIONS FOR INCARCERATED PERSONS	
	(rev.)	WITH A VISION CODE (revised Aug. 14, 2024)	

State of California

Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation

Memorandum

Date:

To: See Distribution List

Subject: ACCOMMODATIONS FOR INCARCERATED PERSONS WITH A VISION CODE

The California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR) and the California Correctional Health Care Services (CCHCS) have an obligation to provide incarcerated persons equal access to programs, services, and activities as required by Federal Law, including the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), and the *Armstrong* and *Clark* Court Ordered Remedial Plans. It is important an incarcerated person with a vision code impacting placement (DPV) or non-impacting placement (DNV) has access to reading and writing accommodations in a format that accommodates their disability.

The purpose of this memorandum is to provide direction regarding staff responsibility to identify, document, track, and provide visual accommodations to ensure incarcerated persons identified with a Disability Placement Program (DPP) code of DPV or DNV can equally participate in their programs, services, and activities. Additional information regarding identification, documentation, tracking, and providing visual accommodations is included in the attached Local Operating Procedure (LOP) template. This policy supersedes the memorandum titled Accommodations for Incarcerated Persons with a Vision Impairment, Impacting Placement, dated January 31, 2024.

IDENTIFYING VISUAL ACCOMMODATIONS

All DPV and DNV incarcerated persons will be scheduled for an evaluation by a vision specialist. Prioritization in scheduling will be given to DPV and DNV incarcerated persons that have upcoming Board of Parole Hearings (BPH) parole suitability hearings within the next 15 months. The Offsite Scheduler shall contact their designated Utilization Management (UM) Nurse Consultant Program Review (NCPR), who will schedule an evaluation with a vision specialist. The incarcerated person's need for visual accommodations, which may include alternative formats (e.g., large print, braille, audio, etc.), non-medical assistive devices, and Durable Medical Equipment (DME), shall be determined during the evaluation and documented in the vision specialist's recommendations. Primary consideration shall be given to each incarcerated person's preferred form of accommodation.

If the incarcerated person refuses to participate in the evaluation by the vision specialist, that incarcerated person's visual accommodation(s) shall be identified and documented in accordance with the directions provided in the attached LOP template.

See Distribution List Page 2

DOCUMENTING VISUAL ACCOMMODATIONS IN THE STRATEGIC OFFENDER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM/ELECTRONIC OFFENDER MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEM

Within seven calendar days of the ADA Coordinator's receipt of the vision specialist's recommendation or the RAP's approval of a visual accommodation, the ADA Office shall ensure data entry of the visual accommodation on the *Registerable Property* screen via the SOMS Module under *Accommodation Property*. At the time of issuance, the ADA Coordinator, or designee, will update the visual accommodation and enter any serial number(s) or any property number(s) for the item(s) being issued. Please refer to the attached Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ) sheet (*see* Attachment A) for how to add the visual accommodations into SOMS/eOMIS.

The incarcerated person's visual accommodation(s), entered on the *Registerable Property* screen via the SOMS Module (listed under *Accommodation Property*), will be viewable from the *Registerable Property Items* screen in the SOMS/eOMIS. Visual accommodations include:

- Braille
- Large print material
- Electronic text-to-speech reader
- Magnifier
- · Read documents aloud
- Writing accommodations

Refer to the attached FAQ sheet for a list of possible accommodations that may be provided.

PROVIDING DOCUMENTS IN LARGE PRINT AND BRAILLE

When an incarcerated person's visual accommodation is large print or braille, then CDCR shall provide the following documents in the documented format consistent with existing timeframes:

- All CDCR Form 602-1/1824, Grievance/Reasonable Accommodation Request responses
- All documents related to a Rules Violation Report
- All documents related to a Classification Committee Hearing
- All documents related to a Restricted Housing Unit Placement Notice
- ADA Orientation manual
- Healthcare Orientation manual
- Institution's Orientation manual
- Specific Board of Parole Hearings (BPH) issued documents identified in the LOP template
- Blank CDCR Form 602-1/1824-LP, Grievance/Reasonable Accommodation Request
- Blank CDCR Form 7362-LP, Health Care Services Request

Please refer to the attached LOP template on how to provide large print and braille materials.

See Distribution List Page 3

PROCUREMENT AND ISSUANCE OF ASSISTIVE DEVICES

When an assistive device is recommended as a visual accommodation through the vision specialist, the vision specialist shall provide documentation identifying the recommended assistive device(s) to CCHCS and CDCR. When an assistive device is approved by the RAP, that device will be identified in the RAP's written decision. Assistive devices available in the ADA Coordinator's inventory shall be issued to the incarcerated person within five business days following the ADA Coordinator's receipt of the vision specialist's recommendation or the RAP's written decision. The ADA Coordinator shall initiate procurement of an assistive device(s) not available in their inventory within two business days of receipt of the documentation from the vision specialist or the RAP and shall ensure the assistive device is issued to the incarcerated person within five business days of receipt in the ADA Office. If procurement of a recommended assistive device(s) is needed, the ADA Coordinator shall ensure that the incarcerated person's reading and writing needs are reasonably accommodated pending procurement of the assistive device(s). Specific details regarding procurement are listed in the attached LOP.

TRACKING

Prior to the issuance of the assistive device(s), the ADA Office will enter the assistive device(s) as a reasonable accommodation, including any serial number(s) or any property number(s), on the Registerable Property screen via the SOMS Module (listed under Accommodation Property).

All institutions shall update their DPP LOP using the attached template and submit copies to their respective Associate Director within 90 days of the date of this memorandum. The revision may be incorporated as an addendum to be included in the next scheduled revision of the LOP.

Wardens and Chief Executive Officers, or their designees, at all institutions shall ensure all staff are provided access to the updated LOP (e.g., an institutional share folder) to ensure awareness of this new process. The ADA Office staff shall conduct in-person training with all ADA staff that includes a review of the policy and the updated LOP.

In addition, incarcerated persons will be informed of this process via the Inmate Advisory Council and other local means of communication, which may include, but is not limited to, town halls, bulletins, etc.

If you have any local institution questions, please contact your local ADA Office.

See Distribution List Accommodations for Incarcerated Persons with a Vision Code Page 4

If you have any headquarters level questions, please contact Jillian Hernandez, Captain, CAMU, at (916) 628-9632 or Jillian.Hernandez@cdcr.ca.gov.

RON BROOMFIELD
Director
Division of Adult Institutions

Dr. JOSEPH BICK, M.D. Director Health Care Services

JOSEPH (JASON) WILLIAMS Director Correction Services

Attachments

DISTRIBUTION LIST:

Associate Directors, Division of Adult Institutions
Regional Health Care Executives
Wardens
Chief Executive Officers
Americans with Disabilities Act Coordinators
Associate Wardens, Business Services
Procurement Services Officers

cc: Jennifer Benavidez
Jared D. Lozano
Antronne Scotland
Dawn Lorey
Lourdes White
Darnell Mebane
Jillian Hernandez
Kristina Davis
Megan Roberts
Katie Riley
Chor Thao

Correctional Counselor IIs, CAMU

A.3.2	Operational	VISUAL ACCOMMODATIONS FOR INCARCERATED	
	Procedure	PERSONS WITH A VISION CODE (revised Aug. 14, 2024)	
	(rev.)		

Month, Year

I. OPERATIONAL PROCEDURE NO. XXX – VISUAL ACCOMMODATIONS FOR INCARCERATED PERSONS WITH A VISION CODE

II. PURPOSE AND OBJECTIVE

This procedure is written to provide clear guidelines for the identification, documentation, and tracking of visual accommodations to incarcerated persons identified with a Disability Placement Program (DPP) code of DPV (vision impairment impacting placement) or DNV (vision impairment non-impacting placement).

III. REFERENCES

- California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR) Memorandum titled, Accommodations for Incarcerated Persons with a Vision Code, dated XXXXX, 2024.
- CDCR Memorandum titled, Portable Compact Disc Player Loaner Program for Vision Impaired Inmates to Listen to Audio Board of Parole Hearings Transcripts, dated April 10, 2020.
- Armstrong Court Ordered Remedial Plan, January 3, 2001
- Armstrong Order for Further Parole-Related Remedial Plan (ECF No. 3584)
- California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 15, Section 3190, General Policy
- Department Operations Manual (DOM), Section 54030.8(c)(1) Personal Property Package Criteria
- Authorized Personal Property Schedule (APPS)

IV. APPROVAL AND REVIEW

- A. This operational procedure and any modifications or inclusions must have the approval of the Warden and Chief Executive Officer (CEO) annually in the month of XXXX.
- B. This procedure will be reviewed each XXXX by the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) Coordinator and submitted to the Warden and CEO for final approval.

V. IDENTIFYING VISUAL ACCOMMODATIONS

All DPV and DNV incarcerated persons will be scheduled for an evaluation by a vision specialist. Prioritization in scheduling will be given to incarcerated persons (DPV or DNV) that have upcoming Board of Parole Hearings (BPH) parole suitability hearings within the next 15 months. The California Correctional Health Care Services (CCHCS) Offsite Scheduler shall contact their designated Utilization Management (UM) Nurse Consultant Program Review (NCPR), who will schedule an evaluation with a vision specialist. The incarcerated person's need for visual accommodations, which may include alternative formats (e.g., large print, braille, audio),

OP No. XXX Page 1 of 10

Month, Year

non-medical assistive devices, and Durable Medical Equipment (DME), shall be determined during the evaluation and documented in the vision specialist's recommendations. Primary consideration shall be given to each DPV or DNV incarcerated person's preferred form of accommodation.

If the incarcerated person refuses to participate in the evaluation by the vision specialist, the ADA Coordinator shall interview them within 14 calendar days of the refusal to determine if the incarcerated person requires any reading or writing accommodations and ensure the incarcerated person understands the process and the benefits of being evaluated by the vision specialist. If, after the interview, an incarcerated person requests a visual accommodation, the ADA Coordinator shall notify the UM NCPR to refer the incarcerated person to the vision specialist. The incarcerated person shall participate in the evaluation.

If the incarcerated person still refuses to participate in the evaluation, but states they need assistance with reading and writing, the ADA Coordinator shall offer to assist them in completing a CDCR Form 1824, Request for Reasonable Accommodation, and remind the incarcerated person of the accommodations available for use in their housing unit and libraries and offer the incarcerated person training on the use of the assistive devices available in their housing unit. The interview with the incarcerated person and the results of the interview shall be documented on a CDC Form 128B, Visual Accommodation Assessment Refusal Chrono (see Attachment A), and a copy of the CDC Form 128B will be forwarded to Case Records for scanning into the Electronic Records Management System (ERMS), Miscellaneous tab. The incarcerated person's CDCR Form 1824 shall be processed through the Reasonable Accommodation Panel (RAP) and any accommodations approved will be documented in the Strategic Offender Management System (SOMS)/Electronic Offender Management Information System (eOMIS).

DPV and DNV incarcerated persons who previously refused an individualized assessment by the vision specialist will be offered an assessment at their institution when the on-site assessment is scheduled for the institution.

A. Requests for Visual Accommodations from Incarcerated Persons Who Do Not Have a Vision Code

If an incarcerated person not designated DPV or DNV requests a visual accommodation, the incarcerated person shall submit a CDCR Form 1824. The Reasonable Accommodation Panel will consider all requests on a case-by-case basis.

OP No. XXX Page 2 of 10

Month, Year

VI. TRACKING AND ASSESSMENT OF DPV/DNV CLASS MEMBERS WITH UPCOMING BPH HEARINGS

The institutional BPH Case Records Desk shall notify health care scheduling staff and the ADA Coordinator of all upcoming BPH hearings (within the next 15 months) for DPV and DNV incarcerated persons weekly. If the DPV or DNV incarcerated person has not previously been scheduled for an individualized vision assessment, the health care scheduler will ensure that the incarcerated person is scheduled for an evaluation through coordination with the UM NCPR.

VII. DOCUMENTING VISUAL ACCOMMODATIONS IN THE STRATEGIC OFFENDER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM/ELECTRONIC OFFENDER MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEM

Upon receipt of the vision specialist's recommendation for the incarcerated person's visual accommodation, the CCHCS Health Care Scheduler shall send the recommendation to the ADA Coordinator within three business days.

Within seven calendar days of the ADA Coordinator's receipt of the vision specialist's recommendation or the RAP's approval of a visual accommodation, the ADA Office shall ensure data entry of the visual accommodation on the *Registerable Property* screen via the SOMS Module under *Accommodation Property*. At the time of issuance, the ADA Coordinator, or designee, will update the visual accommodation and enter any serial number(s) or any property number(s) for the item(s) being issued. Please refer to the attached Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ) sheet (see Attachment B) for how to add the visual accommodations into SOMS/eOMIS.

The incarcerated person's visual accommodation(s), entered on the *Registerable Property* screen via the SOMS Module (listed under *Accommodation Property*), will be viewable from the *Registerable Property Items* screen in the SOMS/eOMIS. Visual accommodations include:

- Braille
- Large print material
- Electronic text-to-speech reader
- Magnifier
- Read documents aloud
- Writing accommodations

Refer to attached FAQ sheet for a list of possible accommodations that may be provided.

VIII. ISSUANCE OF ASSISTIVE DEVICES

When an assistive device is recommended as a visual accommodation through the vision specialist, the vision specialist shall provide documentation identifying the recommended visual

OP No. XXX Page 3 of 10

Month, Year

accommodation to CCHCS and CDCR. When an assistive device is approved by the RAP, that device will be identified in the RAP's written decision. Assistive devices available in the ADA Coordinator's inventory shall be issued to the incarcerated person within five business days following ADA Coordinator's receipt of the vision specialist's recommendation or the RAP's written decision. The ADA Coordinator shall initiate procurement of the assistive device(s) not available in their inventory within two business days of receipt of the documentation from the vision specialist or the RAP and shall ensure the assistive device is issued to the incarcerated person within five business days of receipt in the ADA Office. If procurement of a recommended assistive device(s) is needed, the ADA Coordinator shall ensure that the incarcerated person's reading and writing needs are reasonably accommodated pending procurement of the assistive device(s). Prior to the issuance of the devices, the ADA Coordinator, or designee, will enter the assistive devices used as a reading or writing accommodation, including any serial number(s) or any property number(s), on the *Registerable Property* screen via the SOMS Module (listed under *Accommodation Property*).

A. Training

The training (if any) needed by incarcerated person to use the device(s) recommended as visual accommodation(s) will be determined during the incarcerated person's individualized assessment by the vision specialist, or through the RAP, if the incarcerated person refuses vision specialist assessment. If an incarcerated person requires training on the use of the device(s) issued as a visual accommodation, the incarcerated person will be provided training in accordance with the training plan prepared by the vision specialist or determined by the RAP. Additionally, training on any assistive devices can be provided by institutional staff, ADA Workers, or Peer Support Specialists familiar with the equipment. Incarcerated persons will be trained with the necessary materials, including instruction manuals and videos, as appropriate. If the incarcerated person requires more training, they shall submit a Form GA 22 to the ADA office requesting more training. Any additional training provided to the incarcerated person will be documented on a CDC Form 128B.

B. Record of Issuance

The ADA Coordinator shall have the incarcerated person sign a CDC Form 128B, Visual Accommodation Chrono, (see Attachment C) upon issuance of the device, and a copy of the CDC Form 128B will be forwarded to Case Records for scanning into the ERMS, Miscellaneous tab, with the incarcerated person retaining a copy of the CDC Form 128B. The CDC Form 128B is not required to be kept in the incarcerated person's possession as proof of approval, since accommodations will be tracked in SOMS.

OP No. XXX Page 4 of 10

Month, Year

These devices are considered state property. The incarcerated person will be financially responsible for the alteration, intentional damage, or destruction of the device. As such, if the cost of the device is \$400 or less, the incarcerated person shall sign a conditional CDC Form 193, Inmate Trust Account Withdrawal, which stipulates the cost the incarcerated person must pay if the device is altered, intentionally damaged, or destroyed, and needs to be replaced. Please refer to the FAQ Sheet for pricing structure on the devices.

C. Request for Alternative or Replacement Device

The incarcerated person may request a replacement of their assistive device if reasonable wear and tear occurs. The incarcerated person will receive a device as a one-for-one exchange via submission of a Form GA 22 to the ADA office. In addition, the assistive device shall be replaced if it has been determined the assistive device was lost or destroyed due to staff neglect, or due to no fault of the incarcerated person. The ADA Coordinator shall replace the non-functional device within five business days of notification to the ADA Office of non-functionality.

If staff are notified that an assistive device is not working properly, staff shall contact the ADA Coordinator and return the device and any applicable components to the ADA Coordinator. The ADA Coordinator will subsequently issue a replacement device. Staff shall not dispose of any inoperable or damaged device.

If at any point the incarcerated person reports that the assistive device(s) issued to them are insufficient to address their needs, the ADA Coordinator will arrange to provide an alternate accommodation in a timely manner. Examples of alternate accommodations can be found in Attachment B.

D. Property Requirements

The requirements listed in the CCR, Title 15, and APPS, wherein the incarcerated persons receive equipment in clear color, shall *not* be applied to devices approved as an assistive device. As such, any assistive device provided will not count against the incarcerated person's total square footage of property nor be restricted by the three-appliance limit, as outlined in the DOM, Section 54030.8(c)(1). These assistive devices will not be considered the incarcerated person's personal property nor be considered a healthcare appliance, as outlined in CCR, Title 15, Section 3190.

Incarcerated persons, who have received an assistive device, are approved to have the device within their possession during programs, services, and activities, and in housing

OP No. XXX Page 5 of 10

Month, Year

unit settings, including Restrictive Housing, off-site medical appointments, and same-day court appearances.

These assistive devices shall not be confiscated without cause during routine searches or when an incarcerated person is disciplined. During institutional transfers, the assistive device(s) shall be inventoried and packed with the incarcerated person's DME for transfer. Upon parole or discharge, the device(s) shall be collected by the ADA Coordinator's Office for appropriate tracking.

IX. TRACKING

A. Confiscation, Damage, and Destruction

These assistive devices shall not be confiscated without cause during routine cell searches or when an incarcerated person is disciplined. Should a visual assistive device or writing accommodation become an immediate security threat (e.g., altered or used as a weapon, etc.) the assistive device shall be confiscated. In addition, the assistive device will be confiscated if necessary to be collected as evidence in a crime or investigation (must be supported by documentation). Any confiscation of such devices will require immediate notification to the ADA Coordinator. If the assistive device is confiscated, the ADA Coordinator shall ensure that incarcerated person's reading and writing needs are reasonably accommodated through alternative means consistent with their specific disability needs.

If the assistive device or any of the components (e.g., chargers, etc.) are altered, damaged, or destroyed, the custody supervisor shall determine if it was intentional or unintentional based on the circumstances (to include an interview with the incarcerated person, documented on a CDC Form 128B) and provide all available information to the ADA Coordinator. The ADA Coordinator will determine the best course of action (i.e., replace the assistive device or provide an alternate assistive device). If the ADA Coordinator determines the best course of action is to remove the assistive device, the ADA Coordinator shall also ensure it is removed from the incarcerated person's *Registerable Property* screen via the SOMS Module. Pending replacement of the device, the incarcerated person will be provided an alternative accommodation consistent with their specific disability needs (*see* examples of alternate accommodations in Attachment B). As these assistive devices are considered state property, the incarcerated person will be financially responsible for intentional damage, destruction, or alteration for assistive devices under \$400 and may be subject to disciplinary action pursuant to CCR, Title 15, Section 3011.

OP No. XXX Page 6 of 10

Month, Year

B. Transfer and Parole

During institutional transfers, the assistive device(s) shall be inventoried and packed with the incarcerated person's DME for transfer. For incarcerated persons transferring out of the institution to another institution, assistive devices approved as reading or writing accommodations shall be accepted and authorized at the receiving institution. Upon the incarcerated person's parole or discharge from CDCR, assistive device(s) for reading and writing shall be collected from the incarcerated person. The ADA Office will maintain a listing of the assistive device(s) provided and will retrieve the device(s) prior to incarcerated person's parole or discharge, ensuring the devices are removed from the SOMS *Registerable Property* screen.

X. INCARCERATED PERSONS REQUESTING TO CHANGE THEIR PRIMARY VISUAL ACCOMMODATION

If the incarcerated person's vision or accommodation needs have changed after their individual assessment by the vision specialist, the incarcerated person may request a new individual assessment or accommodation. A CDCR Form 1824 or CDCR Form 7362, Health Care Services Request Form, will need to be completed to initiate the request. The incarcerated person's attorney may request a new assessment on behalf of the incarcerated person by submitting a CDCR Form 1824 or via the existing advocacy letter process. The incarcerated person will be referred to the vision specialist for reevaluation and determination if the incarcerated person's visual accommodation(s) need to be changed, including any additional recommendations.

XI. PROVIDING DOCUMENTS IN LARGE PRINT AND BRAILLE

When an incarcerated person's visual accommodation is large print or braille, the CDCR shall provide the following documents to the incarcerated person in their documented format:

A. Forms Generated Through SOMS or BITS May Include, but not limited to:

- CDCR Form 602-1/1824, Grievance/Reasonable Accommodation Request responses
- Documents related to a Rules Violation Report
- Documents related to a Classification Committee Hearing
- Documents related to a Restricted Housing Placement Notice
- BPH Form 1001 Proposed Parole Consideration Decision
- BPH Form 1002 Notice of Rights (Consultations)
- BPH Form 1002 Notice of Rights (Initial/Subsequent/Rescission Hearings)
- BPH Form 1003 Hearing Rights
- BPH Form 1004 Post-Conviction Report
- BPH Form 1048(A) Nonviolent Eligibility

OP No. XXX Page 7 of 10

Month, Year

- BPH Form 1048(B) Nonviolent Referral
- BPH Form 1048(C) Nonviolent Decision
- BPH Form 1048(D) Nonviolent Decision Review
- BPH Form 1073 Reasonable Accommodation Notice and Request
- BPH Form 1080 Notice of Date/Time/Place
- BPH Form 1135 Miscellaneous Decision
- BPH Form 1415 Summary of Offenders with a Mental Health Disorder Hearing and Decision
- Notice of Rights of Expanded Medical Parole (EMP)
- Comprehensive Risk Assessment
- Hearing Transcript
- Notice of Confidential Information Disclosure in Advance of Parole Hearing Memorandum (NCID)
- Inmate Notice of Attorney
- Offer and Documentation of *Olson* Review
- Notice of DPV/DNV Rights for BPH Proceedings
- Notice of Deaf-Signer Rights for BPH Proceedings

B. Forms Available in Receiving and Release or Law Library

- ADA Orientation manual
- Healthcare Orientation manual
- Institution's Orientation manual
- Blank CDCR Form 602-1/1824-LP, Grievance/Reasonable Accommodation Request form
- Blank BPH Form 1045-A Petition to Advance Hearing Date
- Blank BPH Form 1073 Notice and Request for Assistance at Parole Proceeding
- Blank BPH Form 1074 Request for Reasonable Accommodation Grievance Process
- BPH Form 1002 Notice of Rights (Initial/Subsequent/Rescission Hearings)
- BPH Form 1003 Hearing Rights
- Notice of DPV/DNV Rights for BPH Proceedings
- Notice of Deaf-Signer Rights for BPH Proceedings

Institutions shall include in their LOP the locations of all documents and forms already available in alternative formats, such as large print and braille.

When large print is the incarcerated person's identified visual accommodation, the ADA Coordinator shall ensure the CDCR Form 602-1/1824-LP and CDCR Form 7362 LP are available in the incarcerated person's housing unit.

Month, Year

C. Providing Large Print Documents

When the above documents are required to be produced in large print, staff shall determine if the document is editable or not. For editable documents, staff shall refer to the attached CDCR Large Print Guidelines as the best practice for producing printed materials in large print (see Attachment D). For documents that are not editable (e.g., items printed out of the SOMS/eOMIS), staff shall utilize instructions for how to print the document (see Attachment E).

D. Providing Braille Documents

When the above documents are required to be produced in braille, staff shall notify the ADA Coordinator. The ADA Coordinator, or designee, will email the requested material in PDF format (do not scan in documents) that needs braille transcription to brailletranscriptionrequest@cdcr.ca.gov. The documents will then be uploaded to the vendor portal. Once braille transcription has been completed, the transcribed documents will be mailed directly to the ADA Coordinator. The ADA Coordinator, or designee, will deliver the documents to the incarcerated person as soon as reasonably possible. Processing times will vary depending on the content and number of pages. In order to maintain due process timelines, incarcerated persons that require braille will receive document(s) in regular print along with their primary form of Effective Communication as documented in accordance with Revised Equally Effective Communication Policy dated August 30, 2023.

Once the braille documents are received, staff shall provide them to the incarcerated person within five business days and document this on a CDC Form 128B.

XII. ACCESS TO PRINTING

In order to facilitate ready access to printing for incarcerated persons issued a laptop as a writing accommodation, the institution will ensure that appropriate software is available on specified laptops. The incarcerated person will be able to select documents to print from the laptop by uploading those documents to CANVAS and the printing will be facilitated by the ADA Office. ADA Office staff shall print and deliver the printed document(s) to the incarcerated person as soon as practicable and no later than the following day after the class member uploads the request to CANVAS.

OP No. XXX Page 9 of 10

Month, Year

XIII. PROCUREMENT AND SUPPLY OF VISUAL ASSISTIVE DEVICES

In order to provide prompt access to the recommended visual accommodations, the ADA Coordinator shall maintain a reasonable inventory of assistive devices. The ADA Coordinator shall assess current inventory of presently recommended or issued assistive devices and maintain sufficient numbers of assistive devices to facilitate prompt issuance or replacement, if warranted, as outlined in this LOP. When the RAP approves or the vision specialist recommends an assistive device that is not already in inventory, the ADA Coordinator shall initiate the procurement of the device(s) within two business days of receipt of the RAP decision or vision specialist's recommendation. Additionally, if the recommended device is designed to be used with headphones to allow for privacy and independence of the user, the ADA Coordinator will provide (or procure) a set of headphones to issue with the device, unless the incarcerated person already has compatible headphones in their property. These assistive devices will be purchased through the existing procurement processes and shall be made within Program Area 2710030, utilizing the commitment line item as listed below:

- Non-data processing (e.g., Mattingly SMARTMag LED Handheld Magnifier 6x, Mattingly SMARTMag Stand Magnifier 6x or sheet magnifiers, etc.) – 9031122601
- IT devices (e.g., ADA laptop, etc.) 9032944600
- Not-otherwise classified (e.g., Ruby 10, Ruby XL, LyriQ, etc.) 9031123900

Upon receipt of the assistive device in the ADA Office, the assistive device will be issued to the incarcerated person within five business days.

XIV. RESOURCE SUPPLEMENTS

Attachment A – CDC 128B, Visual Accommodation Refusal Chrono

Attachment B – FAQ Sheet

Attachment C – CDC 128B, Visual Accommodations Issuance Chrono

Attachment D – Large Print Document Guidelines

Attachment E – Printing SOMS Documents in Large Print

XV. APPROVALS

NAME NAME

Warden Chief Executive Officer
Institution Health Care Services

Division of Adult Institutions Institution

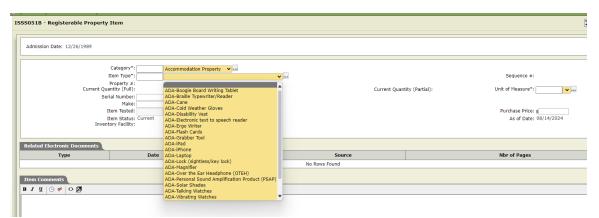
Appendix A

A.3.3	Informational	ATTACHMENT B - FAQ Sheet (revised Aug. 14, 2024)
	sheet (rev.)	

ATTACHMENT B – FAQ Sheet

DOCUMENTING VISUAL ACCOMMODATION IN SOMS/eOMIS

- Go to the Prison Tab > Personal Property > Registerable Property Items screen (ISSS051A)
 > Prepare to Add
- From the ISSS051B Registerable Property Item screen, you will select *Accommodation Property* from as the Category. Under *Item Type*, you will select the ADA item that best fits the visual accommodation you are adding.



LIST OF POSSIBLE VISUAL ACCOMMODATIONS

This list is not exhaustive but does include possible accommodations being recommended by the vision specialist as of the date of this memorandum, including pricing for CDC Form 193. Some devices fall under multiple categories.

Braille

- ADA-Braille typewriter/reader
- Braille keyboard

ADA-Magnifiers

- Zoomax Snow 12 (\$975.00)
- Ruby 10, with Speech Mode (\$1742.00)
- Ruby XL HD (\$869.00)
- Mattingly SMARTMag LED Hand-Held Magnifier (\$48.00)
- Mattingly SMARTMag LED Stand Magnifier (\$49.00)
- Optelec handheld magnifier
- Optelec stand magnifier

ADA-Electronic text to speech reader

- LyriQ Assistive Text-to-Speech Reader (\$1976.00)
- Zoomax Snow 12 (\$975.00)
- Ruby 10, with Speech Mode (\$1742.00)

Writing Accommodations

- ADA Laptop (approximately \$800)
- Braille typewriter

ATTACHMENT B – FAQ Sheet

- Zoomax Snow 12 (\$975.00)
- ADA-Ergo writer

ADA-Scribe

EXAMPLES OF ALTERNATE ACCOMMODATIONS

Incarcerated Persons with Electronic Magnifiers:

- Zoomax Snow 12
- Ruby 10, with Speech Mode
- Ruby XL HD
- Large print materials

<u>Incarcerated Persons with Text-to-Speech Assistive Devices:</u>

- LyriQ Assistive Text-to-Speech Reader
- Zoomax Snow 12
- Ruby 10, with Speech Mode
- Read Documents Aloud

Incarcerated Persons with Braille Reader/Display:

- Braille materials
- Text-to-speech devices

Incarcerated Persons with ADA Laptop:

- Zoomax Snow 12 (if able to hand-write with magnification)
- Scribe

Incarcerated Persons with Braille Typewriter:

- ADA Laptop with braille keyboard
- Scribe

Appendix A

A.3.5	Guideline	ATTACHMENT D - Large Print Document Guidelines
	(rev.)	(revised Aug. 14, 2024)

CDCR GUIDELINES FOR PREPARATION OF LARGE PRINT DOCUMENTS

Purpose and Directive

The Department prepares large print documents for visually impaired incarcerated persons who require enlarged print as a reasonable accommodation under the Americans with Disabilities Act. The following guidelines outline the best practices for preparing large print documents and should be followed whenever preparing a large print document.

Font Size

The DAI will use the following font sizes in large print documents.

- 18 points for the body of the text,
- 20 points for subheadings, and
- 22 points for headings.

Font Style

The following fonts are the only styles that should be used to prepare large print documents: Verdana, Tahoma, Helvetica, Arial, and Comic Sans (if a contrasting font is needed.)

Formatting

For a single-spaced document, use line spacing of 1.25. Double spacing should be applied between paragraphs. Do not indent paragraphs. A tutorial on how to change spacing is available at https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/office/change-the-line-spacing-in-word-04ada056-b8ef-4b84-87dd-5d7c28a85712

Do not format text into more than one column per page. Dotted lines should be avoided. If you are modifying a document (such as a hearing transcript) that uses an index with dotted lines, you should instead use pastel blue color contrast for every other line. A how-to guide is available at https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/office/change-the-color-of-fills-lines-and-borders-a29e3fa1-d19a-419a-babb-3f030343484b.

If you need to add color to a document, please ensure that the institution receives or prints the document in color so the accommodation is meaningful.

Styles

Use of italicized text should be avoided.

Color of text

A color contrast ratio of at least 4.5:1 should be used. The color contrast ratio can be determined using online tools such as the Webaim Color Contrast Checker, which is available at the following link: https://webaim.org/resources/contrastchecker/.

Titles, Headings, and Footers

Make titles and headings larger than the text of the document when possible. Do not italicize titles or headings; instead, bold and/or underline them. Justify the title or heading on the left. Align titles and headings to the left and use both upper and lowercase letters like in this memo.

Page numbers should be in the same font style and size as the main document. When possible, the page number should be included in both the upper right-hand corner of a document and as well as the center of the footer.

Resources

If you have any questions about large print documents, please contact CDCRCAMU@cdcr.ca.gov. You can also learn more about best practices from the American Council of the Blind (https://www.acb.org/large-print-guidelines) and American Printing House for the Blind (https://www.aph.org/resources/large-print-guidelines/).

Appendix A

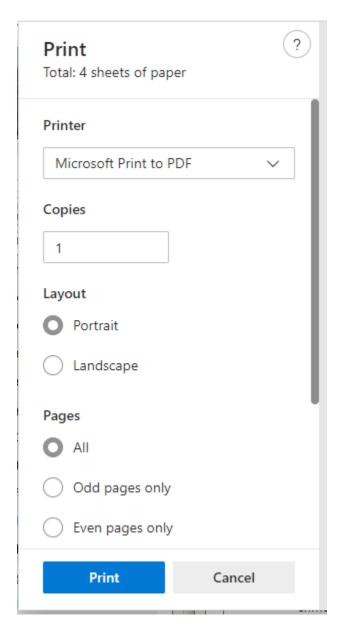
A.3.6	Informational	ATTACHMENT E - Printing SOMS Documents in Large
	sheet	Print (revised Aug. 14, 2024)

Attachment E – Printing SOMS Documents in Large Print

Currently, SOMS does not have the option to format automatically generated documents into Large Print. The Class Action Management Unit has created the following User Guide that includes steps to provide incarcerated persons with a larger print format until SOMS can be updated.

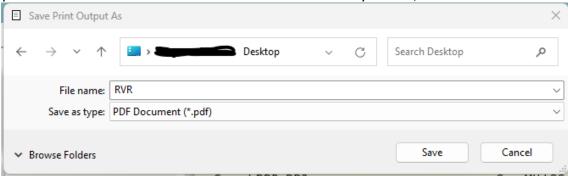
STEP 1 – SAVING THE DOCUMENT AS A PDF DOCUMENT

- 1. Follow the steps you normally would to open a Classification Committee Chrono, RVR Hearing Results, Grievance Response, etc. and get to the page you will be providing in large print. In the example below, I will be opening some Disciplinary Hearing Results.
- 2. From your "Print" window, instead of sending the document to your defaulted printer (as you would normally do, you will select "Microsoft Print to PDF" and then click "Print."



Attachment E - Printing SOMS Documents in Large Print

3. A "Save Print Output As" window should popup. If it does not, look for a printer icon on your toolbar. You will need to select a location to save your file, and then "Save."

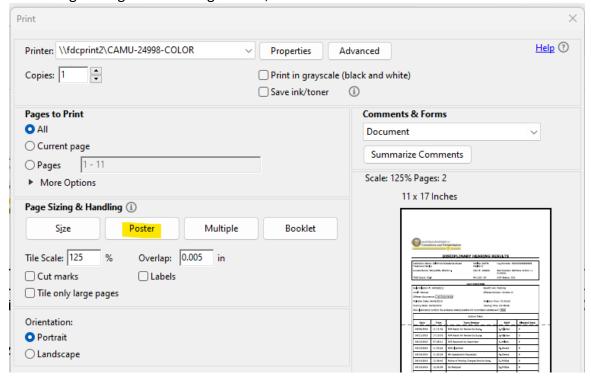


STEP 2 – PRINTING IN POSTER STYLE

1. Open the document from wherever you saved it, and either (a) select the print icon or (b) press Ctrl+P.

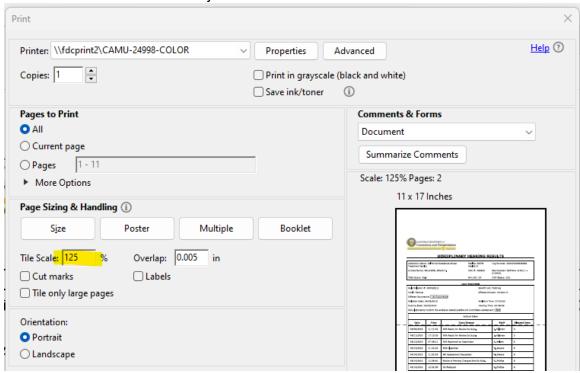


2. Under Page Sizing and Handling section, click on the 'Poster' button.



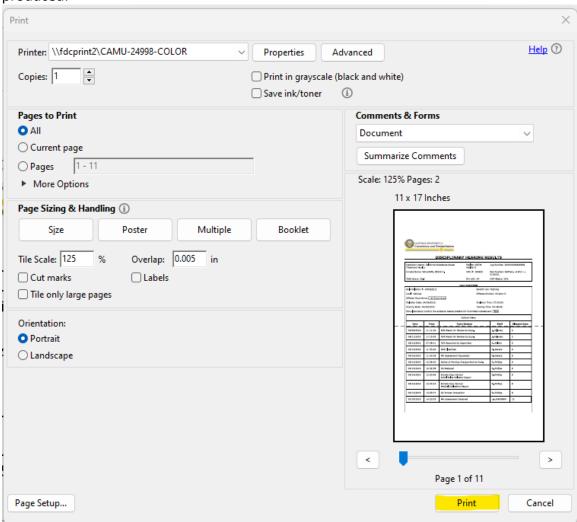
Attachment E – Printing SOMS Documents in Large Print

3. Select the Tile Scale box and adjust the size to 125%.



Attachment E – Printing SOMS Documents in Large Print

4. Then select 'Print'. *Note: 11"x8.5" paper will still be used, and multiple pages will be produced.



Appendix A

A.3.7	Chrono 128B	Visual Accommodation Assessment Refusal (new Aug.
(new)		14, 2024)

Case 4:94-cv-02307-CW Document 3615 Filed 08/14/24 Page 60 of 111

STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

VISUAL ACCOMMODATION ASSESSMENT REFUSAL CDC 128B (Revised 08/2024)

Page 1 of 1

INCARCERATED PERSON NAME	CD	CR NO.	HOUSING
On, you were given a vision accommodation to help you read The ADA Coordinator spoke to you about by the vision specialist, but you still refus you could get help with reading and writing	or write. On this on ed to be seen. The ADA	, y and tolo Coordinator als	ou refused this appointment. I you why you should be seen so told you about other ways
 When you sign this form, it means you und You have stated you do not curren If you change your mind and woul you can use a CDCR 1824 form to a 	tly need help with readir d like a vision assessmer	nt or a vision it	• •
	CDCR NUMBER	INCARCERA	TED PERSON SIGNATURE
INCARCERATED PERSON NAME	CDCK NOWBER		

DISTRIBUTION Original: ADA Office Copies: ERMS, Incarcerated Person

A.4.1	Policies and	Providing Documents to Persons with Vision Disabilities
(rev.)	Procedures	(with attachment) (revised Aug. 14, 2024)

GAVIN NEWSOM, GOVERNOR

BOARD OF PAROLE HEARINGS

P.O. Box 4036 Sacramento, CA 95812-4036



BPH Policies and Procedures

Compliance with March 20 and July 31, 2024 Armstrong Court Orders

Providing Documents to Persons with Vision Disabilities (Revised August 14, 2024)

These policies and procedures address the *Armstrong* court's March 20 and July 31, 2024 orders requiring Defendants to provide class members identified with a Disability Placement Program (DPP) code of DPV (vision disability impacting placement) or DNV (vision disability not impacting placement) with documents in accessible formats in a timely manner.

The California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR) and the Board of Parole Hearings (Board) will work collaboratively to ensure the following documents are available or provided to incarcerated persons identified as DPV or DNV in accordance with the person's primary visual accommodation method, as determined by a vision specialist or approved through the Reasonable Accommodation Process, in a timely manner:

- BPH 1001 Proposed Parole Consideration Decision
- BPH 1002 Notice of Rights (Consultations)
- BPH 1002 Notice of Rights (Initial/Subsequent/Rescission Hearings)
- BPH 1003 Hearing Rights Form
- Notice of Rights of Expanded Medical Parole (EMP)
- BPH 1004 Post-Conviction Report
- BPH 1048(A) Nonviolent Eligibility
- BPH 1048(B) Nonviolent Referral
- BPH 1048(C) Nonviolent Decision
- BPH 1048(D) Nonviolent Decision Review
- BPH 1073 Notice and Request for Assistance at Parole Proceeding
- BPH 1080 Notice of Date/Time/Place
- BPH 1135 Miscellaneous Decision
- BPH 1415 Summary of Offenders with a Mental Health Disorder Hearing and Decision
- Comprehensive Risk Assessment
- Hearing Transcript
- Notice of Confidential Information Disclosure in Advance of Parole Hearing Memorandum (NCID)
- Inmate Notice of Attorney
- Notice of DPV/DNV Rights for BPH Proceedings

- Notice of Deaf-Signer Rights for BPH Proceedings
- Offer and Documentation of Olson Review
- BPH 1045-A Petition to Advance Hearing Date
- BPH 1074 Request for Reasonable Accommodation Grievance Process

The Board and CDCR will work together to track and ensure the documents are provided in an accessible format in accordance with the person's primary visual accommodation method.1

Potential vision accommodations include braille, large print material, electronic text-tospeech reader, magnifier, and read documents aloud. For persons whose primary visual accommodation is "magnifier" or "electronic text-to-speech reader," documents will be provided in regular print and the person will use their assistive device to review the documents. For persons whose primary visual accommodation is "read documents aloud," the documents will be provided in an audio format, such as on a CD. For persons whose primary visual accommodation is "large print material," the Board will provide documents in large print format in accordance with the BPH Guidelines for Preparation of Large Print Documents (attached).² For persons whose primary visual accommodation is "braille," the documents will be provided in braille.

The Board's ADA Compliance Unit (ADACU) will identify all persons scheduled for a parole hearing who are identified as DPV or DNV. For these persons, ADACU will review SOMS to identify each person's primary method of visual accommodation and monitor that all documents listed above are timely provided to the person in a manner consistent with their primary method of visual accommodation.

When an alternative format (i.e. large print, braille, or audio) is consistent with the primary method of visual accommodation, the document will be provided in the alternative format as close in time as possible to when it would be provided in its usual format. Documents will be provided in alternative formats within seven business days of when it would otherwise have been provided in its usual format, when possible. Some alternative formats, such as braille, will require the assistance of a vendor to create the document in the alternative format, which will take time to translate.

Attachment

1. BPH Guidelines for Preparation of Large Print Documents

¹ However, documents may not be so provided if the person is otherwise incapacitated such that providing the documents in the primary visual accommodation method would not assist in establishing effective communication.

² CDCR will provide documents in large print format in accordance with the CDCR Guidelines for Preparation of Large Print Documents attached to the Accommodations for Incarcerated Persons with a Vision Code memorandum and operational procedure.



Board of Parole Hearings Guidelines for Preparation of Large Print Documents

Purpose and Directive

The board prepares and provides large print documents for visually impaired individuals who require enlarged print as a reasonable accommodation under the Americans with Disabilities Act. The following guidelines outline the best practices for preparing large print documents and should be followed whenever you need to prepare a large print document.

Font Size

The Board will use the following font sizes in large print documents unless a lowvision individual requests differently as specified below:

- 18 points is used for the body of text,
- 20 points for subheadings, and
- 22 points for headings.

The Board will accommodate requests from low-vision individuals for large print documents with font sizes that differ from those listed above. As such, when a request is made for a document in large print font, the board's ADA Compliance Unit should reach out to the institution to determine whether the individual needs large print documents with font sizes that differ from those listed above.

Font Style

The following fonts are the only styles that should be used to prepare large print documents: Verdana, Tahoma, Helvetica, Antique Olive, and Comic Sans (if a

[4109941.2] Page 1

contrasting font is needed). If the visually impaired individual request a different font style, you should use the requested font style when reasonably possible.

Formatting

For a single-spaced document, use line spacing of 1.25. Double spacing should be applied between paragraphs. Do not indent paragraphs. A tutorial on how to change spacing is available here: <u>Change the Line Spacing in Word</u>.

Do not format text into more than one column per page. Dotted lines should be avoided. If you are modifying a document (such as a hearing transcript) that uses an index with dotted lines, you should instead use pastel blue color contrast for every other line. A how-to guide is available here: Change the Color of Fills, Lines, and Borders.

If you need to add color to a document, please ensure that the institution receives or prints the document in color so the accommodation is meaningful.

Example:

INDEX	Page
Proceedings	3
Case Factors	9

Styles

Use of italicized text should be avoided.

Color of text

A color contrast ratio of at least 4.5:1 should be used. The color contrast ratio can be determined using online tools such as the Webaim Color Contrast Checker, which is available at the following link: https://webaim.org/resources/contrastchecker/.

Titles, Headings, and Footers

Make titles and headings larger than the text of the document when possible. Do not italicize titles or headings; instead, bold and/or underline them. Justify the

[4109941.2] Page 2

title or heading on the left. Align titles and headings to the left, and use both upper and lowercase letters like in this memo.

Page numbers should be in the same font style and size as the main document. When possible, the page number should be included in both the upper right hand corner of a document and as well as the center of the footer.

Resources

If you have any questions about large print documents, please contact BPHADALegalTeam@cdcr.ca.gov. You can also learn more about best practices from the American Council of the Blind and American Printing House for the Blind (APH).

[4109941.2] Page 3

Appendix B

B.1.1	Policies and	Recording Sign Language Interpretations at Hearings
(rev.)	Procedures	(revised Aug. 14, 2024)

B.2.1	Memorandum	IMPLEMENTATION OF PAROLE-RELATED
(rev.)		ACCOMMODATIONS (revised Aug. 14, 2024)
B.2.2	Operational	IMPLEMENTATION OF PAROLE-RELATED
(rev.)	Procedure	ACCOMMODATIONS (revised Aug. 14, 2024)
B.2.3	Chrono 128B	DVD Player Issuance Chrono (revised Aug. 14, 2024)
(rev.)		

B.3.1	Memorandum	CORRECTIONAL COUNSELOR ROLE IN BOARD OF
(rev.)		PAROLE HEARINGS PROCEEDINGS FOR INCARCERATED
		PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES (revised Aug. 14, 2024)
B.3.3	Notification to	Notice of Deaf-Signer Rights for BPH Proceedings
(rev.)	Class Member	(revised Aug. 14, 2024)

Appendix B

B.1.1	Policies and	Recording Sign Language Interpretations at Hearings
(rev.)	Procedures	(revised Aug. 14, 2024)

STATE OF CALIFORNIA - DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND REHABILITATION

GAVIN NEWSOM, GOVERNOR

BOARD OF PAROLE HEARINGS

P.O. Box 4036 Sacramento, CA 95812-4036



BPH Policies and Procedures

Compliance with March 20 and July 31, 2024 Armstrong Court Orders

Recording Sign Language Interpretations at Hearings (Revised August 14, 2024)

The following policies and procedures are for parole hearings conducted for "deaf signers," who are *Armstrong* class members identified as DPH (hearing disability impacting placement) in the Disability and Effective Communication System (DECS) and who use sign language as their primary method of communication. Under the *Armstrong* court's March 20 and July 31, 2024 orders, the Board of Parole Hearings (Board) is required to provide deaf signers with a video recording of their parole hearing that includes the sign language interpreter used during the hearing to communicate directly with the deaf signer.

Whenever a deaf signer is scheduled for a parole hearing, the Board's Americans with Disabilities Act Compliance Unit (ADACU) will notify the Board's Scheduling Unit that a video recording of the parole hearing will be a necessary accommodation. The Board's Scheduling Unit will ensure the hearing is video recorded and captures the sign language interpreter. The Board will store the video recording until the deaf signer is discharged from parole.

Due to current technological requirements for playback within the institutions, the Board will burn the video recording onto a DVD. The DVD will be sent to the institution's ADA coordinator for service on the deaf signer. The hearing transcript will also still be served on the deaf signer. The DVD will be provided to the incarcerated person within 30 days following the parole hearing.

At this time, the Board's Scheduling Unit will record the parole hearings using Microsoft Teams. The Board's Scheduling Unit will ensure the recording captures 1) the sign language interpreter used during a parole hearing who communicates directly with the deaf signer and 2) the deaf signer. The Board's Scheduling Unit will use available functionality to enlarge the image of the interpreter who communicates directly with the deaf signer during the hearing to make it clearer for the deaf signer to view all signed utterances by that interpreter during video playback. The video recording of the hearing must capture the audio of the hearing. To the extent possible, the Board will ensure the intelligibility of all signed utterances.

Relevant staff within the Board's Scheduling Unit, ADACU, and Legal Division will be trained on how to access or request video-recorded sign language translations.

Appendix B

B.2.1	Memorandum	IMPLEMENTATION OF PAROLE-RELATED
(rev.)		ACCOMMODATIONS (revised Aug. 14, 2024)

State of California

Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation

Memorandum

Date:

To: See Distribution List

Subject: IMPLEMENTATION OF PAROLE-RELATED ACCOMMODATIONS

On March 20, 2024, the *Armstrong* Court issued the "Order for Further Parole-Related Remedial Plan" regarding the accommodation of incarcerated persons designated as DPV (vision impaired, impacting placement) or DNV (vision impaired, not impacting placement), and incarcerated persons designated as DPH (hearing impaired, impacting placement) whose primary method of communication is sign language (deaf signers). The court order requires specific accommodations for DPV, DNV, and deaf signers before and after Board of Parole Hearings (BPH) proceedings. This policy describes the roles of a California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR) Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) Coordinator, a CDCR Sign Language Interpreter (SLI), and CDCR Law Library staff in implementation of the court order specific to deaf signers.

TRANSLATION OF BPH RELATED DOCUMENTS

Prior to an incarcerated person's BPH hearing, the Correctional Counselor (CC) I will serve a Comprehensive Risk Assessment (CRA). For incarcerated persons identified as deaf signers, a CDCR SLI will accompany the CC I to serve the paper version of the CRA. At the time of service of the CRA by the CC I, deaf signers shall meet with the SLI to have the CRA translated. The CC I will be required to assist in the full translation of the CRA, which may include reading the document aloud so that the translation can be completed by the SLI. The SLI shall use Microsoft (MS) Teams during the meeting to video record the translation (*see* Attachment A for additional instructions). The incarcerated person may ask the SLI clarifying questions specific to the translation to ensure they understand the translation. If the incarcerated person has concerns or questions regarding content of the CRA (e.g., disagreements about the findings or factual errors, legal questions or advise, etc.), the CC I shall direct the incarcerated person to reach out to their attorney.

Additionally, a deaf signer or their counsel may request that documents in the incarcerated person's central file or any other documents needed to prepare for a BPH proceeding be translated by a SLI that is video-recorded and placed onto a DVD. Documents include, but are not limited to, documents identified from the central file during the *Olson* Review, such as a Probation Officer's Report, Rules Violation Reports, laudatory chronos, etc. If a deaf signer makes such a request, a CDCR SLI shall video-record themselves via MS Teams translating the requested document(s). The incarcerated person does not need to be present during the SLI's translation. The CC I will be required to assist in the translation of the requested document(s), which may include reading the document(s) aloud so that the translation can be completed by the SLI.

See Distribution List Page 2

ISSUANCE OF DVD PLAYERS

The ADA Office shall ensure the video recorded SLI translations that are transferred onto DVDs are provided to the incarcerated person. The ADA Office staff shall document the delivery of DVD(s) on a CDC Form 128B, General Chrono. The DVD of the translated CRA shall be provided to the incarcerated person no later than 60 days prior to the BPH hearing.

At institutions designated to house DPH incarcerated persons that require SLI, the ADA Office will maintain a sufficient inventory of portable DVD players for temporary issuance to deaf signers to view the DVD(s) privately and independently. Specific information regarding the procedure for issuance and tracking of the DVD players can be found in the attached LOP template.

ASSISTANCE WITH READING AND WRITING

Incarcerated persons with a disability impacting their ability to read and write independently (e.g., DPV, DNV, DPH, DDP, etc.) may request assistance from Law Library staff or ADA Workers to scribe documents related to a BPH proceeding.

The incarcerated persons will be provided with accommodations that allow them to read and write privately and independently using assistive devices or other technology. When more assistance is needed, a Semi-Skilled ADA Worker may assist the incarcerated person so long as the incarcerated person agrees to assistance from the ADA Worker. The ADA Worker or Law Library staff shall scribe what the incarcerated person wants to write, and Law Library staff shall provide three copies of the scribed document (one for the incarcerated person, one for their attorney, and one for BPH) at no cost to the incarcerated person.

PROOF OF IMPLEMENTATION

All institutions shall update their Disability Placement Program (DPP) LOP to reflect the direction included in this memorandum and provide a copy of the DPP LOP to their respective Mission Associate Director within 90 days of the release date of this memorandum. The revision may be incorporated as an addendum to be included in the next scheduled revision of the LOP.

All ADA Coordinators, SLIs, and Law Library staff shall be trained on the expectations of this memorandum by utilizing the Learning Management System, Course Code 11064136 within 90 calendar days of the date of this memorandum. Institutions shall provide a proof of practice to their respective Mission Associate Director.

See Distribution List Implementation of Parole-Related Accommodations Page 3

If you have any custody related questions, please contact Lourdes White, Chief, Class Action Management Unit, at (916) 835-5679 or Lourdes.White@cdcr.ca.gov.

If you have any library related questions, please contact Brandy Buenafe, Principal Librarian, Office of Correctional Education, at (916) 431-4443 or Brandy.Buenafe@cdcr.ca.gov.

RON BROOMFIELD
Director
Division of Adult Institutions

AMY CASIAS
Director
Division of Rehabilitative Programs

Attachments

DISTRIBUTION LIST:

Associate Directors, Division of Adult Institutions Wardens
Americans with Disabilities Act Coordinators
Supervisors of Correctional Education Programs
Classification and Parole Representatives
Correctional Counselors
Sign Language Interpreters
Law Library staff

cc: Jared D. Lozano

Jennifer Benavidez

Dawn Lorey

Edina Thomas

Lourdes White

Christopher Hees

Timothy Fleshman

Darnell Mebane

Jillian Hernandez

Jennifer Shaffer

Jessica Blonien

Shannon Swain

Rebecca Silbert

Brandy Buenafe

Katie Riley

Megan Roberts

Appendix B

B.2.2	Operational	IMPLEMENTATION OF PAROLE-RELATED
(rev.)	Procedure	ACCOMMODATIONS (revised Aug. 14, 2024)

Month, Year

I. OPERATIONAL PROCEDURE NO. XXX — IMPLEMENTATION OF PAROLE-RELATED ACCOMMODATIONS

II. PURPOSE AND OBJECTIVE

This procedure is written to provide clear guidelines for the provision of specific accommodations for DPV (vision impaired, impacting placement), DNV (vision impaired, not impacting placement), and Deaf-Signer (hearing impaired, impacting placement (DPH) who requires a Sign Language Interpreter (SLI) for communication) incarcerated persons before and after Board of Parole Hearings (BPH) proceedings. This policy describes the roles of a California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR) Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) Coordinator, a CDCR Sign Language Interpreter (SLI), and CDCR Law Library staff in implementation of the court order, specific to deaf signers.

III. REFERENCES

- California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 15, Section 3190, General Policy
- Armstrong Order for Further Parole-Related Remedial Plan (ECF No. 3584)
- Armstrong Court Ordered Remedial Plan, Amended January 3, 2001
- CDCR Department Operations Manual (DOM), Section 54030.8(c)(1), Personal Property Package Criteria
- Authorized Personal Property Schedule (APPS)
- CDCR memorandum titled, *Implementation of Parole Related Accommodations*, dated XXXXX, 2024.
- CDCR memorandum titled, Accommodations for Incarcerated Persons with a Vision Code, dated XXXXX, 2024.

IV. APPROVAL AND REVIEW

- A. This operational procedure and any modifications or inclusions must have the approval of the Warden annually in the month of XXXX.
- B. This procedure will be reviewed each XXXX by the ADA Coordinator and Classification and Parole Representative (C&PR) and submitted to the Warden for final approval.

V. IDENTIFICATION OF UPCOMING BPH HEARINGS FOR DEAF SIGNERS

On a weekly basis, the institutional BPH Case Records Desk shall notify the institution's ADA Office of all scheduled upcoming BPH hearings (within the next 15 months) for deaf signers.

OP No. XXX Page 1 of 6

Month, Year

Following a deaf signer's BPH hearing, BPH will send a video recording of the hearing on DVD to the ADA Office. An ADA Office staff member will provide the DVD of the BPH hearing to the incarcerated person. Notably, providing deaf signers with videos of the BPH hearing and CRA supplements and does not replace the existing processes for providing paper copies of these documents. The paper copies of documents shall be served to the incarcerated person under existing processes.

VI. TRANSLATION OF BPH RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Comprehensive Risk Assessment (CRA)

The assigned correctional counselor (CC) will coordinate with the CDCR SLI to arrange for the initial delivery of the paper copy of the CRA and the subsequent in-person translation and recording of the CRA for the deaf signer. This translation is a court ordered requirement and must be produced in video format (i.e., DVD), to allow the incarcerated person to view the translation of the document. The SLI shall utilize Microsoft (MS) Teams during the meeting to video record the translation (see Attachment A for additional instructions). The CC shall document an incarcerated person's refusal of any aspect of these accommodations (i.e., refusal to be present during translation, refusal to have translation video recorded, etc.) on a CDC Form 128B, General Chrono.

Once the recording is completed, the SLI shall provide the DVD to the ADA Office, who will ensure that the recording is issued to the incarcerated person no later than 60 calendar days prior to the BPH hearing.

B. Other BPH Related Translations

Additionally, deaf signers may request to have other documents related to preparing for their parole hearings translated into sign language and video recorded. This may include, but is not limited to, documents identified from the central file during the *Olson* Review, such as a Probation Officer's Report, Rules Violation Reports, laudatory chronos, etc. Should the deaf signer or their attorney request additional documents to be translated into sign language (*see* Section XI for examples), the request shall be sent to the CC and then referred to the SLI, who will complete the video-recorded translation.

VII. ISSUANCE OF PORTABLE DVD PLAYERS

When a deaf signer has an upcoming BPH proceeding, the ADA Office shall ensure issuance of the DVD player to the incarcerated person within five business days of notice of the upcoming BPH proceeding. The ADA Office will ensure the device is functional upon issuance.

OP No. XXX Page 2 of 6

Month, Year

A. Duration of Accommodation

Deaf signers shall have access to the DVD player for one year prior to a scheduled BPH hearing or within five business days of notice of a scheduled hearing within the next twelve months. Deaf signers shall be permitted to retain the DVD player for six months after the BPH hearing or until post-hearing tasks are completed.

B. Training

At the time of issuance of the DVD player, the incarcerated person shall be trained by an ADA Office staff member on how to use the device, including use of the fast-forward, pause, and reverse functions.

C. Record of Issuance

The ADA Office staff member shall have the incarcerated person sign a CDC Form 128B, DVD Player Issuance Chrono, (see Attachment B) upon issuance of the device, and a copy of the DVD Player Issuance Chrono will be forwarded to Case Records for scanning into the Electronic Records Management System (ERMS), Miscellaneous tab, with the incarcerated person retaining a copy of the DVD Player Issuance Chrono. The incarcerated person shall be allowed to refuse acceptance of the DVD player, and that will be documented on the DVD Player Issuance Chrono.

The DVD players are considered state property. The incarcerated person will be financially responsible for the intentional damage, alteration, or destruction of the DVD player. As such the incarcerated person shall sign a conditional CDC Form 193, Inmate Trust Account Withdrawal, which stipulates the cost the incarcerated person must pay if the DVD player is intentionally damaged, altered, or destroyed and needs to be replaced.

D. Request for Replacement DVD Player or DVD

The incarcerated person may request a replacement DVD player if reasonable wear and tear occurs to the device. The incarcerated person will receive another device as a one-for-one exchange via submission of a Form GA 22 to the ADA office. In addition, the DVD player shall be replaced if it has been determined the DVD player was lost, damaged, or destroyed due to staff neglect, or due to no fault of the incarcerated person. The ADA Coordinator shall replace the non-functional device within five business days of notification of non-functionality. The ADA Coordinator will also arrange for the repair or replacement of any nonfunctional DVDs upon notification that they are defective and no longer working.

OP No. XXX Page 3 of 6

Month, Year

E. Property Requirements

The requirements listed in the CCR, Title 15, and APPS, wherein the incarcerated persons receive equipment in clear color, shall *not* be applied to the DVD player approved under this process. As such, the DVD player provided will not count against the incarcerated person's total square footage of property nor be restricted by the three-appliance limit, as outlined in the DOM, Section 54030.8(c)(1). These DVD players will not be considered the incarcerated person's personal property nor be considered a healthcare appliance, as outlined in CCR, Title 15, Section 3190.

Incarcerated persons, who have received a DVD player, are approved to have the device within their possession in housing unit settings (including Restrictive Housing) in addition to Law Libraries.

During institutional transfers, the DVDs shall be inventoried and packed with the incarcerated person's property for transfer. Upon transfer, parole, or discharge, the DVD player shall be collected by the ADA Office staff for appropriate tracking, however the DVDs will remain the property of the incarcerated person.

VIII. TRACKING

A. Confiscation, Damage, and Destruction

These DVD players and associated DVDs shall not be confiscated without cause during routine cell searches or when an incarcerated person is disciplined. Should a DVD player become an immediate security threat (e.g., altered or used as a weapon, etc.) the device shall be confiscated. In addition, the device will be confiscated if necessary to be collected as evidence in a crime or investigation (must be supported by documentation). If the device is confiscated, the ADA Coordinator shall ensure an appropriate interim accommodation is provided to the incarcerated person.

If the device or any of the components (e.g., cords, chargers, etc.) are damaged, altered, or destroyed, the custody supervisor shall determine if it was intentional or unintentional based on the circumstances (to include an interview with the incarcerated person, documented on a CDC Form 128B) and provide all available information to the ADA Coordinator. The ADA Coordinator will determine the best course of action (i.e., replace the device, provide an alternate assistive device). If the ADA Coordinator determines the best course of action is to remove the device, the ADA Coordinator shall also ensure it is removed from the incarcerated person's *Registerable Property* screen via the SOMS Module. Pending replacement of the

OP No. XXX Page 4 of 6

Month, Year

device, the incarcerated person will be provided an alternative device if possible. As these devices are considered state property, the incarcerated person will be financially responsible for intentional damage, alteration, or destruction of the device, and may be subject to disciplinary action pursuant to CCR Title 15, Section 3011.

IX. PROCUREMENT OF DVD PLAYERS

At institutions designated to house DPH incarcerated persons that require SLI, the ADA Coordinator will maintain an inventory of portable DVD players for temporary issuance to deaf signers to view the DVD(s) privately and independently. The ADA Coordinator shall assess current inventory of presently issued DVD players and maintain sufficient number of DVD players to facilitate prompt issuance or replacement, if warranted, as outlined in this LOP. These devices will be purchased through the existing procurement processes and the purchase orders shall be made within Functional Area 2710030, utilizing the commitment line item *Not-Otherwise Classified Non-IT Good* 9031123900.

X. ASSISTANCE WITH READING AND WRITING

Incarcerated persons with a disability impacting their ability to read and write independently (e.g., DPV, DNV, DPH, DDP, etc.) may request assistance from Law Library staff or ADA Workers to scribe documents related to a BPH proceeding.

The incarcerated persons will be provided with accommodations that allow them to read and write privately and independently using assistive devices or other technology. When more assistance is needed, a Semi-Skilled ADA Worker may assist the incarcerated person so long as the incarcerated person agrees to assistance from the ADA Worker. The ADA Worker or Law Library staff shall scribe what the incarcerated person wants to write, and Law Library staff shall provide three copies of the scribed document (one for the incarcerated person, one for their attorney, and one for BPH) at no cost to the incarcerated person.

At least one year before the incarcerated person's tentative parole hearing date and until incarcerated person's post-hearing tasks have been completed, if an incarcerated person needs access to a printer to accommodate their reading and writing needs related to their BPH proceedings, the ADA Office staff shall print the requested documents related to incarcerated person's BPH proceeding as soon as reasonably possible at no cost to the incarcerated person.

XI. PROVIDING BPH DOCUMENTS IN ACCESSIBLE FORMAT

Forms produced for BPH proceedings may include but are not limited to:

OP No. XXX Page 5 of 6

Month, Year

- BPH 1001 Proposed Parole Consideration Decision
- BPH 1002 Notice of Rights (Consultations)
- BPH 1002 Notice of Rights (Initial/Subsequent/Rescission Hearings)
- BPH 1003 Hearing Rights Form
- Notice of Rights of Expanded Medical Parole (EMP)
- BPH 1004 Post-Conviction Report
- BPH 1045-A Petition to Advance Hearing Date
- BPH 1048(A) Nonviolent Eligibility
- BPH 1048(B) Nonviolent Referral
- BPH 1048(C) Nonviolent Decision
- BPH 1048(D) Nonviolent Decision Review
- BPH 1073 Notice and Request for Assistance at Parole Proceeding
- BPH 1073(a) Reasonable Accommodation Notice and Request
- BPH 1074 Request for Reasonable Accommodation Grievance Process
- BPH 1080 Notice of Date/Time/Place
- BPH 1135 Miscellaneous Decision
- BPH 1415 Summary of Offenders with a Mental Health Disorder Hearing and Decision
- Comprehensive Risk Assessment
- Hearing Transcript
- Notice of Confidential Information Disclosure in Advance of Parole Hearing Memorandum (NCID)
- Notice of DPV/DNV Rights for BPH Proceedings
- Notice of Deaf-Signer Rights for BPH Proceedings
- Offer and Documentation of Olson Review

XII. RESOURCE SUPPLEMENTS

Attachment A - MS Teams Job Aid

Attachment B - CDC Form 128-B DVD Player Issuance Chrono

Attachment C – Portable DVD Specifications Sheet

Attachment D – Portable DVD Player Tracking Sheet

XIII. APPROVALS

NAME

Warden

Institution

Division of Adult Institutions

Appendix B

B.2.3	Chrono 128B	DVD Player Issuance Chrono (revised Aug. 14, 2024)
(rev.)		

Document 3615 Filed 08/14/24 Page 82 of 111

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

DVD PLAYER ISSUANCE CHRONO CDC 128B (Revised 08/2024)

Page 1 of 1

	CDCR NO.	HOUSING
your video-recorded sign language transla	ations). You can keep th w library. Upon comple	DVD Player as an accommodation for review of nis item while watching the DVD(s) and may use etion of your BPH proceedings, the DVD player
security problem, staff will tell the ADA C	Coordinator. The ADA Com). Staff will immediate	tc.) are damaged, ruined, changed, or cause a coordinator will decide what to do (i.e., replace ely tell the ADA office if the DVD player is taken .
	nal CDC Form 193, Inma	pay for any damage to this item you caused on ate Trust Account Withdrawal. This form will tell
player may be used, have been trained ar how to use the DVD Player. Also, you kn	nd can use the DVD play now that you will have ect to disciplinary action	to you, understand when and where the DVD yer by yourself, and have no more questions on to pay for any damage to the DVD player you according to CCR, Title 15, Section 3011 if you
	l accept the issuance o	f this DVD player?□ Yes □ No
Do you understand these conditions and		
Do you understand these conditions and INCARCERATED PERSON NAME	CDCR NUMBER	INCARCERATED PERSON SIGNATURE

DISTRIBUTION Original: ERMS Copies: ADA Coordinator, Incarcerated Person

Appendix B

B.3.1	Memorandum	CORRECTIONAL COUNSELOR ROLE IN BOARD OF
(rev.)		PAROLE HEARINGS PROCEEDINGS FOR INCARCERATED
		PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES (revised Aug. 14, 2024)

State of California

Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation

Memorandum

Date:

Associate Directors, Division of Adult Institutions
Wardens
Americans with Disabilities Act Coordinators
Classification and Parole Representatives
Correctional Counselors

Subject: CORRECTIONAL COUNSELOR ROLE IN BOARD OF PAROLE HEARINGS PROCEEDINGS FOR INCARCERATED PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

This memorandum delineates the roles and duties of Correctional Counselors (CC) in Board of Parole Hearings (BPH) proceedings, specifically as it pertains to those incarcerated persons in the Developmental Disability Program (DDP) and the Disability Placement Program (DPP). Pursuant to the memorandum titled, *Revised Correctional Counselor I Ratio Allocation Distribution Methodology and Process*, dated October 8, 2018, CCs shall "provide additional accommodation for disabled inmates to ensure equal access to programs, services, and activities, to include preparation for [BPH] Suitability hearings." The purpose of this memorandum is to detail these additional accommodations and assist CCs in fulfilling this role. This policy replaces the memorandum titled, *Correctional Counselor Role in Board of Parole Hearing Processes for Inmates with Disabilities*, dated January 18, 2022. The CCs shall issue all forms generated by Board Information Technology System (BITS). The CCs shall use effective communication during BPH encounters.

CCs are responsible for assisting incarcerated persons with disabilities in understanding, preparing for, and participating in the BPH suitability hearing process, as needed. CCs shall utilize the Strategic Offender Management System (SOMS) DPP Disability/Accommodation screen, and the Disability and Effective Communication System (DECs) via the BITS, to identify the incarcerated person's required accommodations. The CC shall review SOMS and DECS/BITS to identify the incarcerated person's need for assistance, primary and secondary method of effective communication, adaptive support needs, assistive device(s) or software (e.g., electronic magnifier, personal sound amplification device, Microsoft Ease of Access, etc.) that are required to accommodate the incarcerated person for BPH proceedings. Accommodations shall be provided in a manner to allow the incarcerated person privacy and independence in preparation for a BPH hearing or post-hearing tasks.

BPH ACCOMMODATIONS QUESTIONNAIRE

CCs shall review BITS at least weekly for any assignments associated with a BPH proceeding. When assigned to do so by BITS, the CC shall meet with the incarcerated person and complete a CDC Form 128-B, BPH Accommodations Questionnaire (see Attachment A). The BPH Accommodations Questionnaire includes documentation that the incarcerated person has been informed of their accommodations recorded in SOMS and DECS/BITS, and that the incarcerated person has indicated that these accommodations are sufficient to proceed with preparation for

Associate Directors, Division of Adult Institutions Wardens Americans with Disabilities Act Coordinators Classification and Parole Representatives Correctional Counselors Page 2

their BPH hearing. If the incarcerated person indicates the accommodations, as recorded in SOMS and DECS/BITS, are insufficient, the CC shall ask the incarcerated person what accommodations, if any, the CC may reasonably provide to proceed with the incarcerated person's preparation for their BPH hearing. If sufficient accommodations cannot be provided, the CC shall notify the ADA Coordinator. The ADA Coordinator shall route this concern through the Reasonable Accommodation Process (RAP) to determine appropriate action. The ADA Coordinator, or designee, shall record in SOMS the DPV/DNV incarcerated person's approved reading or writing accommodation(s) within seven calendar days of the issuance of the RAP decision identifying the incarcerated person's approved visual accommodation(s) and shall notify staff (including BPH staff) to provide the approved visual accommodation(s) to the incarcerated person in connection with their parole suitability hearing moving forward. The CC I shall ensure the BPH Accommodations Questionnaire is forwarded to Case Records, who will scan it into ERMS, in the General Chronos section.

NOTICE OF RIGHTS DOCUMENTS

When prompted to do so by BITS, the CC shall serve the incarcerated person with a Notice of DPV/DNV Rights for BPH Proceedings or a Notice of Deaf-Signer Rights for BPH Proceedings, as applicable. See Attachments B and C.

ACCESSIBLE FORMATS OF DOCUMENTS FOR INCARCERATED PERSONS WITH A VISION CODE

When preparing for BPH proceedings and completing post-hearing tasks, incarcerated persons with a DPP vision code impacting placement (DPV) or non-impacting placement (DNV) may require documents in accessible formats such as large print, Braille, audio, etc., or may require the use of assistive devices to assist with their review of documents. CCs shall review DECS/BITS and SOMS, and the information gathered from the incarcerated person in the BPH Accommodations Questionnaire, to determine the form of accommodation that best ensures effective communication for reading and writing. This may include printing out documents from the central file at no cost to the incarcerated person to enable them to review the documents with an assistive device if large print is their accommodation. If DECS/BITS or SOMS identifies the need for Braille or audio format, the CC shall coordinate with the ADA Coordinator to provide documents in an alternate format.

OLSON REVIEWS

In preparation for BPH hearings, incarcerated persons are afforded the opportunity to review their central file via an *Olson* review. The CC is to ensure incarcerated persons with disabilities are afforded this opportunity and, if needed, provide extra assistance to include reading handwritten or other documents not accessible with assistive software technology

Associate Directors, Division of Adult Institutions Wardens Americans with Disabilities Act Coordinators Classification and Parole Representatives Correctional Counselors Page 3

(e.g., Microsoft Ease of Access technology, Adobe Acrobat Read-out-loud, etc.), scribing notes for the incarcerated person during the *Olson* review, and arranging for accessible formats of documents identified by the incarcerated person for later use. See attached instructions for using Microsoft Ease of Access (see Attachment D) and Adobe Acrobat Read-out-loud features (see Attachment E). Any extra assistance provided shall be documented via CDC Form 128B, General Chrono. For additional printing requests outside of accessible formatting, California Code of Regulations, Title 15, Section 3162 and Department Operations Manual, Section 101120.15 will be followed.

VIDEO RECORDINGS OF SIGN LANGUAGE TRANSLATION OF DOCUMENTS FOR DEAF SIGNERS

Incarcerated persons designated as DPH (hearing impaired, impacting placement) whose primary method of communication is sign language (deaf signers) shall receive video recordings of specific documents translated by a Sign Language Interpreter (SLI). At the time of service of the Comprehensive Risk Assessment (CRA), deaf signers shall meet with an SLI to have the CRA translated. The CC will be required to assist in the full translation of the CRA, which may include reading the document aloud so that the interpretation can be completed by the SLI. The incarcerated person may ask the SLI clarifying questions specific to the translation to ensure they understand the translation. If the incarcerated person has concerns or questions regarding content of the CRA (e.g., disagreements about the findings or factual errors, legal questions or advice, etc.), the CC shall direct the incarcerated person to reach out to their attorney. The translation will be video recorded, and a copy of the video shall be provided to the incarcerated person via the ADA Office no later than 60 calendar days prior to the date of the hearing.

Additionally, deaf signers or their counsel may request to have any documents needed to prepare for their parole hearings translated into sign language and video recorded. This may include, but is not limited to, documents identified from the central file during the *Olson* Review, such as a Probation Officer's Report, Rules Violation Reports, laudatory chronos, etc. If a deaf signer makes such a request, a SLI shall videorecord themselves via MS Teams translating the requested documents. A copy of the video shall be provided to the incarcerated person via the ADA Office. The incarcerated person does not need to be present during the SLI's translation. The CC will be required to assist in the full translation of the requested documents, which may include reading the document(s) aloud so that the interpretation can be completed by the SLI.

PROOF OF IMPLEMENTATION

All institutions shall ensure CC duty statements are revised to include the noted clarifications and provide proof of practice to their respective Mission Associate Director within 90 calendar days from the date of issuance of this memorandum.

Associate Directors, Division of Adult Institutions Wardens Americans with Disabilities Act Coordinators Classification and Parole Representatives Correctional Counselors Page 4

All CCs shall be trained on the expectations of this memorandum by utilizing the Learning Management System, Course Code 11063804 within 90 calendar days of the date of this memorandum. Institutions shall provide a proof of practice to their respective Misson Associate Director.

This memorandum and the included attachments will be available on the Classification Services Unit (CSU) webpage, within the Mini Manual at https://cdcr.sharepoint.com/sites/CDCR OPS AO INS CSU/SitePages/CSU-Mini-Manual.aspx, under the topics BPH and Correctional Counselor Role in Board of Parole Hearing Processes for Incarcerated Persons with Disabilities.

If you have any questions, please contact Edina Thomas, Chief, CSU at (916) 323-3660 or Edina.Thomas@cdcr.ca.gov, and Lourdes White, Chief, Class Action Management Unit, at (916) 835-5679 or Lourdes. White@cdcr.ca.gov.

RON BROOMFIELD
Director
Division of Adult Institutions

Attachments

cc: Jared D. Lozano
Jennifer Benavidez
Dawn Lorey
Edina Thomas
Lourdes White
Christopher Hees
Timothy Fleshman
Darnell Mebane
Jillian Hernandez
Jennifer Shaffer
Jessica Blonien
Katie Riley
Megan Roberts

Appendix B

B.3.3	Notification to	Notice of Deaf-Signer Rights for BPH Proceedings
(rev.)	Class Member	(revised Aug. 14, 2024)

NOTICE OF DEAF-SIGNER RIGHTS FOR BPH PROCEEDINGS

You have been identified as DPH (hearing impaired, impacting placement) with a primary method of communication of sign language. During your upcoming BPH proceedings, you have the following rights:

- If sign language is your primary method of communication, you have a right to have BPH-related documents translated into sign language.
- BPH hearings are video recorded. After a BPH hearing, you have a right to receive a copy
 of the video recording so that you can view the sign language interpretation of the
 hearing. The video will be given to you about 30 days after the hearing. You will also
 receive a written transcript of the hearing. The official record of the hearing is the written
 transcript.
- Before a BPH hearing, you have a right to meet with a Sign Language Interpreter (SLI) to have them translate the Comprehensive Risk Assessment (CRA). You have a right to ask the SLI for clarification during the translation. You have a right to a video recording of the translation.
- At any time before or after a BPH hearing, you or your attorney have a right to request
 that a document related to a BPH proceeding, or a document you may need to prepare
 for a BPH proceeding, be translated into sign language and video recorded. This includes
 any documents in your central file, such as a Probation Officer's Report, Rules Violation
 Reports, or laudatory chronos. You will receive the video recording of the translated
 document.
- You have a right to receive a video-player device to watch videos of sign language-translated documents privately and independently, as many times as you need. You have a right to be trained on how to use the device, including the fast-forward, pause, and reverse functions. If CDCR loans you a video-player, you have a right to keep the video-player for up to one year before the BPH hearing and for six months after the hearing or until after-hearing tasks are completed. You have a right to request repairs to the video-player device.
- If you have difficulty viewing the video, or if you find problems with the quality of the playback of the video, you have a right to request help from the ADA Office, or if the video cannot be repaired, to get a new video.
- If your disability affects your ability to read and write, you have a right to request help from ADA Workers, Law Library staff, or your attorney to write documents to prepare for your BPH hearing, or to deal with issues after your hearing.

Appendix C

C.1	Policies and	Panel Attorney Representation and Training
(rev.)	Procedures	Requirements and Attachments (revised Aug. 14, 2024)

GAVIN NEWSOM, GOVERNOR

STATE OF CALIFORNIA - DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND REHABILITATION

STATE OF CALIFORNIA — DEFARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND REHABILITATIO

BOARD OF PAROLE HEARINGS

P.O. Box 4036 Sacramento, CA 95812-4036



BPH Policies and Procedures

Compliance with March 20 and July 31, 2024 Armstrong Court Orders

Panel Attorney Representation and Training Requirements (Revised August 14, 2024)

These policies and procedures address the *Armstrong* court's March 20 and July 31, 2024 orders requiring the Board of Parole Hearings (Board) to include additional information in training to panel attorneys who are intended to serve as an accommodation for class members with certain disabilities. Additionally, the orders require the Board to develop policies and procedures that specify additional expectations and requirements for panel attorneys intended to serve as an accommodation for class members identified in the Disability and Effective Communication System (DECS) as DPV (vision impaired, impacting placement), DNV (vision impaired, not impacting placement), and DPH (hearing impaired, impacting placement) requiring a Sign Language Interpreter (SLI) for communication ("deaf signer").

The Board will conduct new ADA training for panel attorneys that will include all information required under the court orders, including:

- 1. How to ensure class members with vision and hearing disabilities have the accommodations necessary to adequately prepare for and follow up from parole proceedings;
- 2. A list of all accessible formats and assistive devices available to DPV and DNV class members for reading and writing parole-related documents;
- 3. Clear instructions for how panel attorneys can obtain assistive devices or documents in accessible formats for DPV and DNV class members, and escalate requests for those devices or formats if a request made by a DPV or DNV client is denied;
- 4. Emphasis on the importance of allowing additional time to explain and repeat explanations of documents for DPV, DNV, and deaf signer class members;
- 5. How to provide DPV, DNV, and deaf signer class members assistance with transcribing documents necessary to prepare for a parole hearing;
- 6. Instructions for panel attorneys on how to provide DPV, DNV, and deaf signer class members assistance with drafting documents necessary to prepare for a parole hearing and to engage in release planning, including transcribing relapse prevention plans and letters of remorse, gathering contact information or potential sources of support in the community, and reaching out to potential sources of support in the community with a client's permission;
- 7. The need to allow additional time for meetings with DPH class members who use sign language due to the use of a sign language interpreter;

8. The need to use sign language interpreters to ensure effective communication of written materials with DPH class members who use sign language, including translation of hearing transcripts and CRAs.

The Board will conduct panel attorney ADA training on June 10, 2024, and June 24, 2024, with additional trainings to be scheduled as necessary. The Board will invite Plaintiffs' counsel to attend all ADA-related trainings conducted by the Board for panel attorneys. The Board will consider all written objections submitted by Plaintiffs' counsel to the Board regarding the training not satisfying the requirements of the court order. If the Board finds the objections to be consistent with the court order, the Board will provide additional training.

Further, the Board revised the Panel Attorney Program Guide (Guide) to state that attorneys are expected to spend additional time on their representation of clients with disabilities affecting communication, including vision and hearing disabilities, than they spend on clients without such disabilities. ("D7" in attached draft Guide.) The Board also revised the Guide to require attorneys to assist a client with submitting written documents for a parole hearing and developing release plans if, because of a disability, the client is unable to do these tasks on their own or would have difficulty doing so. ("D15" in attached draft Guide.) These tasks include, but are not limited to, soliciting family and friends for offers of support on behalf of a client and transcribing an apology or victim impact letter, transcribing a relapse prevention plan developed by the client, and putting into writing sources and offers of support in the community identified by the client, and plans for housing and employment or financial support identified by the client. Additionally, the Guide was revised to require panel attorneys to submit a timely grievance to the Board if the attorney believes the client did not receive reasonable accommodation as required under the ADA during the client's hearing. ("D17" in attached draft Guide.) The revised Guide applies to cases accepted by panel attorneys on or after July 1, 2024.

The Board also added an addendum to the Guide specifically for the representation of DPH and DPV clients. (See Addendum on Representing DPV or DPH Clients of the attached draft Guide.) The addendum explicitly includes a requirement that a panel attorney serving as an accommodation for a DPH or DPV client must hold an additional meeting with the client than currently required under the Guide. ("2" in Addendum on Representing DPV or DPH Clients.) The addendum also explicitly includes a requirement that a panel attorney serving as an accommodation for a DPH or DPV client must spend significantly more time on their representation of the client than currently required under the Guide for a client without a disability affecting communication. ("1" in Addendum on Representing DPV or DPH Clients.) This addendum to the Guide also explicitly includes a requirement that a panel attorney must allow twice as much time for meetings with a DPH client who uses sign language as their primary means of communication, due to the time needed for the translation process. ("3" in Addendum on Representing DPV or DPH Clients.) The addendum clarifies this only applies to cases where a sign language interpreter is necessary for effective communication between the attorney and the client.

Following the Court's July 31, 2024 order, the Board will add another addendum to the Guide specifically for representation of DNV clients. (See Addendum on Representing DNV Clients of attached draft Guide.) This addendum will explicitly include a requirement that a panel attorney serving as an accommodation for a DNV client must hold an additional meeting with the client than currently required under the Guide. (Proposed "2" in draft Addendum on Representing DNV Clients.) The addendum will also explicitly include a requirement that a panel attorney serving as an accommodation for a DNV client must spend significantly more time on their representation of the client than currently required under the Guide for a client without a disability affecting communication. (Proposed "1" in draft Addendum on Representing DNV Clients.)

All of the attorney requirements identified above will be included in the ADA trainings conducted by the Board.

Furthermore, the Addendum on Representing DPV or DPH Clients specifies that panel attorneys will receive a flat rate of \$2,010 for representing DPV or DPH clients, which is twice the amount paid for representing other clients. Additionally, the Addendum on Representing DNV Clients will specify that panel attorneys will receive a flat rate of \$1,205 for representing DNV clients, which is \$200 more than the amount paid for representing other clients. These additional payments will help ensure panel attorneys comply with the additional expectations that apply when representing a DNV, DPV, or DPH client.

The Board will implement the following measures to supervise panel attorney compliance with all of the additional requirements identified above:

- 1. Additional information required of the attorney on the invoice applicable to representation of a client who is not DNV, DPV, or DPH:
 - a. The current invoice includes boxes for panel attorneys to confirm they held three attorney visits with their client prior to a scheduled parole hearing, as well as the length of each visit. The invoice will be revised to include additional boxes for the panel attorney to indicate whether they held more than three meetings with their client prior to a scheduled parole hearing, as well as the length of each additional meeting.
 - b. For a client with a disability affecting communication, the invoice will include a box requiring the attorney to explicitly indicate they were aware of their client's disability and accommodated the disability as required under the Guide.
- 2. Additional information required of the attorney on the invoice applicable to representation of a client who is DNV, DPV, or DPH:
 - a. The invoice will include boxes for the panel attorney to indicate at least four attorney meetings were held with their client prior to a scheduled

- parole hearing, as well as a fifth or sixth meeting if the attorney or client found those meetings necessary, and the length of each meeting.
- b. The invoice will include a box requiring the attorney to explicitly indicate they spent significantly more time on their representation of the client than currently required under the Guide for representation of a client without a disability affecting communication.
- c. In the case of a DPH client who uses sign language as their primary means of communication and for whom a sign language interpreter was needed to achieve effective communication between the attorney and the client, the invoice will include a box requiring the attorney to explicitly indicate they allowed twice as much time for meetings with the client due to the time needed for the translation process.
- 3. Under current processes, the Board reviews attorney source document entries two weeks prior to a hearing to seek timely completion of source document entries by attorneys. The Board will also check that at least a fourth attorney meeting has taken place with client identified as DNV, DPV, or DPH as part of this process, and conduct attorney outreach as necessary to seek compliance with this attorney expectation.
- 4. The Board will establish a process to check, within 60 days of an attorney's appointment to represent a client who is DPV, DNV, or DPH, that the attorney had at least met with the client once, and the Board will conduct outreach as necessary to seek compliance with attorney expectations.

Attachments

1. DRAFT Panel Attorney Program Guide (Rev. 8/14/24), with addendums for representing DNV, DPV, and DPH clients.

Board of Parole Hearings

Panel Attorney Program Guide for the Parole Suitability Hearing Process

Purpose

The purpose of the panel attorney program is to comply with California Code of Regulations Title 15, section 2256, which requires the Board of Parole Hearings (Board) to provide incarcerated individuals with attorney representation at state expense if they cannot afford to retain a private attorney for a hearing before the Board.

Panel attorneys serve at the discretion of the Board; they are not employees of the Board.

Upon approval as an active attorney by the Board, panel attorneys shall provide competent and professional legal services to their client. The panel attorney program is designed to provide, on average, up to 11 clients who will be scheduled for a parole hearing during a one-week period.

Attorney Panels

The Board has grouped the 33 existing adult prisons located throughout California, including incarcerated individuals assigned to the Sacramento Control Office (SACCO), into 16 attorney panels based on their geographic proximity (i.e., the prisons in each panel are generally within a one-hour drive of each other). The 16 attorney panels are identified on pages 9 and 10.

Within each panel, two lists of attorneys will be maintained by the Board – a list of "active" attorneys and a list of "standby" attorneys. The active attorney list is for attorneys who are currently being assigned clients. The standby list is for attorneys who have applied to be on the active attorney list and who meet the minimum qualifications of a standby panel attorney, but who are not currently being assigned clients because the panel is full. There may be instances where a standby attorney is offered an assignment on that panel.

The Board shall periodically re-calculate the number of active attorneys needed for the panels based on the average number of hearings scheduled for each panel. The Board will adjust the number of active attorneys for each panel accordingly. If the average number of scheduled hearings decreases such that fewer active attorneys are needed for a particular panel, an active attorney will be moved to the standby list. If additional panel attorneys are needed, an attorney from the standby list will be moved to the active list.

Attorneys may apply for as many panels as they choose, but will only be approved to serve on one active panel at a time, with some limited exceptions at the discretion of the Board. An attorney may at any time request to be removed or added to another panel by writing the Board. An attorney on a standby list may at any time be moved to the active list.

^{**}This is a draft document that is being shared with stakeholder and may be edited and updated. This document is not to be released to the public.**

Active Panel	Active attorneys must meet the following minimum qualifications at all times:
Attorney	There allowed the following minimum qualifications at all times.
Minimum	A1. Maintain a current and active license to practice law in California;
Qualifications	A2. Be in good standing with the California State Bar, including compliance with
Qualifications	Rule 9.9.5 of the California Rules of Court;
	A3. Maintain malpractice insurance;
	A4. Have documentation of a symptom-free tuberculin skin test and evaluation
	within the past year;
	A5. Be able to pass the security screening necessary for entrance into each of the
	prisons on the attorney's panel;
	A6. Meet the dress code requirements for entrance into each prison during every
	visit;
	A7. Sign and submit the Panel Attorney Information and Certification Form
	annually (see page 11);
	A8. Open and maintain an account with the Board's Disability and Effective
	Communication System (DECS). DECS is a comprehensive repository of
	information related to each incarcerated individual's disabilities and effective
	communication needs;
	A9. Acquire and maintain (at the attorney's expense) all hardware/software
	necessary to access DECS;
	A10. Acquire and maintain (at the attorney's expense) webcam capabilities for
	video visits/hearings;
	A11. Open and maintain a Blackberry Workspaces (previously known as
	"WatchDox") account (or equivalent secure, file-sharing software used by the
	Board) by registering an email address for access to electronic hearing files;
	panel attorneys are to provide (at their own expense) all hardware/software
	necessary to maintain access to the secure, file-sharing software used by the
	Board, and
	A12. Have recent experience representing incarcerated individuals in the parole
	suitability hearing process or have observed at least three (3) parole hearings
	before accepting an assignment to represent clients as an active panel
	attorney.
Standby Panel	Standby attorneys must meet the following minimum qualifications at all times:
Attorney	
Minimum	B1. Maintain a current and active license to practice law in California; and
Qualifications	B2. Be in good standing with the California State Bar, including compliance with
	Rule 9.9.5 of the California Rules of Court.
	Standby attorneys who are approved to move to an active panel attorney list will
	have one month to demonstrate compliance with the active panel attorney
	minimum qualifications listed above and complete the required training.
Panel Attorney	C1. In addition to the minimum qualifications for active attorneys listed above,
Training	active panel attorneys must complete all required training session(s)
Requirements	conducted by the Board or the Board's designee.
Panel Attorney	The following are minimum expectations for adequately representing a client as

Rev. 08/14/2024

^{**}This is a draft document that is being shared with stakeholder and may be edited and updated. This document is not to be released to the public.**

Board of Parole Hearings

Panel Attorney Program Guide for the Parole Suitability Hearing Process

Expectations

an active panel attorney:

- D1. The panel attorney is required to conduct a minimum of three (3) legal visits with their client prior to their scheduled parole hearing date,¹ and comply with the timing requirements listed below. The panel attorney should make every effort to conduct the first or second legal visit in person, and any other visit(s) may be conducted in person, via confidential legal telephone call, or via confidential videoconference. The Board will make a client's central file available to the panel attorney at the time of case assignment, so the panel attorney has access prior to any and all client meetings;
- D2. The panel attorney shall review their client's central file and have an initial legal visit with their client within 30 calendar days of accepting the case; the average length of the initial legal visit shall be one to two hours. If the client is expected to receive a Comprehensive Risk Assessment (CRA) prior to their scheduled hearing, the attorney shall prepare their client for the CRA interview by explaining what a CRA is, its purpose, its importance, and how it is used in the parole hearing process; explaining the process, how the interview will be conducted, and topics that will likely be covered; discussing any prior risk assessments or psychological evaluations; and preparing the client to address potential topics of discussion during the interview;
- D3. The panel attorney shall conduct a second legal visit with each client either (1) at least 60 days prior to the client's scheduled hearing date, or (2) within two weeks of the CRA being finalized under section 2240 of title 15 of the California Code of Regulations, whichever date is later; the average length of the second legal visit shall be one to two hours;
- D4. The panel attorney shall have a third legal visit with their client prior to the scheduled hearing date; the length of this legal visit and the timing of the visit shall be at the panel attorney's discretion;
- D5. In the unusual event that a panel attorney is assigned a case less than 60 days before the hearing, the panel attorney shall review the client's central file and conduct at least one legal visit before the date of the hearing;
- D6. If the client/attorney submit a pre-hearing action to the Board, the panel attorney is required to meet with their client at least once prior to the pre-hearing action submission and review their client's central file;
- D7. Panel attorneys must accommodate a client with a disability affecting communication to ensure the client is able to participate in any parole proceeding to the best of their abilities. Relevant disabilities include physical disabilities (such as vision and hearing disabilities), developmental disabilities, learning disabilities, and mental health needs. Time spent accommodating a client's disability shall not replace, but shall be in addition to, time the attorney would have otherwise spent on their representation of the client. Consistent with the panel attorney's professional and ethical responsibilities to their client, the attorney may need to conduct additional legal visits with the client, longer legal visits with the client, spend time reading parole-related documents with or to the client, and spend time

¹ As indicated in D8, D9, and the accompanying Addendums to this Guide, panel attorneys representing clients with certain disabilities are required to conduct a minimum of four (4) legal visits with their client prior to their scheduled parole hearing date.

Rev. 08/14/2024

^{**}This is a draft document that is being shared with stakeholder and may be edited and updated. This document is not to be released to the public.**

Board of Parole Hearings

Panel Attorney Program Guide for the Parole Suitability Hearing Process

- putting into writing parole-related material for the client, as described in D16. The panel attorney shall attest on the Panel Attorney Invoice this provision was satisfied for applicable cases;
- D8. Additional expectations and requirements apply for clients identified in DECS as DNV (vision disability, not impacting placement), as described in the Addendum on Representing DNV Clients;
- D9. Additional expectations and requirements apply for clients identified in DECS as DPV (vision disability, impacting placement) or DPH (hearing disability, impacting placement), as described in the Addendum on Representing DPV or DPH Clients:
- D10. The panel attorney must be familiar with each client's rights under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and their needs for reasonable accommodations under the ADA in DECS in advance of each legal visit;
- D11. Panel attorneys shall timely enter Source Documents with detailed notes of the client's ADA accommodation needs and use of accommodations to achieve effective communication. These documents are required to be uploaded into DECS no later than one week following any meeting with a client and prior to the date of the hearing.
- D12. If the panel attorney's client is identified in DECS as needing a sign language interpreter, the panel attorney shall use a sign language interpreter when communicating with the client during all legal visits and at the hearing; the panel attorney shall notify the Scheduling Unit at BPHLiferAnalyst@cdcr.ca.gov to make arrangements to secure a sign language interpreter if their client is in need of a sign language interpreter as soon as possible to arrange for an interpreter at all legal visits;
- D13. If the panel attorney's client needs a live captioner to provide real-time captioning to achieve effective communication, the panel attorney shall notify the Scheduling Unit at BPHLiferAnalyst@cdcr.ca.gov as soon as possible to make arrangements to secure a captioner for legal visits;
- D14. The panel attorney shall use the Board's telephonic foreign language interpreter service to communicate with a client during all legal visits when needed to establish effective communication;
- D15. The panel attorney shall not rely on written communications with a client (a) who is under CDCR's Developmental Disability Program with a designation in DECS as DD1, DD2, or DD3, (b) under CDCR's Mental Health Services Delivery System at the Enhanced Outpatient Program, Mental Health Crisis Bed, or Intermediate Care Facility level of care; (c) in a licensed Psychiatric Inpatient Program under the care of CDCR or the Department of State Hospitals; (d) designated as having a learning disability or vision impairment in DECS, or (e) has a reading score of 4.0 or lower;
- D16. Consistent with the panel attorney's professional and ethical responsibilities to their client, the panel attorney shall assist their client in submitting written documents for a parole hearing and developing release plans if, as a result of a disability, the client is unable to do these tasks on their own or would have difficulty doing so. Depending on the client's disability, and with the client's approval, this may include, but is not necessarily limited to, soliciting

Rev. 08/14/2024

**This is a draft document that is being shared with stakeholder and may be edited and undeted. This document

^{**}This is a draft document that is being shared with stakeholder and may be edited and updated. This document is not to be released to the public.**

Board of Parole Hearings

Panel Attorney Program Guide for the Parole Suitability Hearing Process

- family and friends for offers of support on behalf of the client and transcribing an apology or victim impact letter. This may also involve transcribing a client's relapse prevention plan for them. Further, this may include putting into writing sources and offers of support in the community identified by the client and plans for housing and employment or financial support identified by the client. Relevant disabilities may include physical disabilities, developmental disabilities, learning disabilities, and mental health needs.
- D17. The panel attorney shall raise appropriate and timely objections through the BPH ADA Compliance Unit prior to a hearing or to the hearing panel at the time of the hearing regarding the client's need for reasonable accommodation under the ADA; the panel attorney shall submit a timely grievance to the Board if the attorney believes the client did not receive reasonable accommodation as required under the ADA during the client's hearing;
- D18. If the panel attorney encounters logistical problems meeting and communicating with a client or obtaining access to relevant documents, including the CRA, the panel attorney shall immediately notify Board staff at BPHLiferAnalyst@cdcr.ca.gov and shall make all reasonable efforts to resolve the problem in advance of the hearing;
- D19. The panel attorney shall physically appear in person with their client for all scheduled hearings unless any of the exceptions in D20 apply, and arrive a minimum of 30 minutes to one (1) hour prior to the hearing, allow sufficient time for parking, entry into the institution, walking to the hearing room; and, making prearrangements with the institution to meet with your client prior to the start time of the hearing, this provision does not apply if the panel attorney's client knowingly, intelligently, and voluntarily waives the physical appearance of the panel attorney;
- D20. For all hearings, the panel attorney is required to be physically present with the incarcerated individual at the institution unless any of the following apply: (1) the incarcerated individual waives physical presence of the attorney, (2) the incarcerated individual waives their own right to attend the hearing, (3) the incarcerated individual refuses to attend the hearing, or (4) circumstances beyond the control of the incarcerated individual's attorney. Panel attorneys must be physically present with their client for in-person hearings. Per the *Armstrong* Remedial Plan II, the following incarcerated individuals cannot waive the physical presence of their attorney:
 - All incarcerated individuals presently receiving treatment at CDCR's Mental Health Services Delivery System at the Enhanced Outpatient Program, Mental Health Crisis Bed, Intermediate Care Facility, or Acute Care Facility levels of care;
 - All incarcerated individuals identified by CDCR as part of the department's Developmental Disability Program; and
 - All incarcerated individuals with a learning disability, including incarcerated individuals with a reading score of 4.0 or below.
- D21. The Board shall determine whether a proceeding is conducted in person or by video conference. (Cal. Code of Regs, tit. 15, §§ 2050-2064.) For

Rev. 08/14/2024

**This is a draft document that is being shared with stakeholder and may be edited and undated. This document

hearings that the board has pre- determined to require an in-person hearing under section 2054, the panel attorney, acting on behalf of the incarcerated individual, may submit a written request for a videoconference hearing at least 100 days prior to the hearing. The request shall explain why an inperson hearing is not necessary and affirm that, to the best knowledge of the panel attorney, an in-person proceeding is not necessary for the hearing officers to establish effective communication with the incarcerated individual. (Cal. Code of Regs, tit. 15, § 2055.) If the Board approves the request, the hearing will be conducted by videoconference, and no participants will attend the hearing in person with the hearing panel. The panel attorney is still required to be physically present with the incarcerated individual at the institution for the hearing unless any of the exceptions in D20 apply:

- D22. The panel attorney shall remain available for the entire hearing day;
- D23. If there is an emergency that delays or prevents a panel attorney from appearing timely for a hearing, the panel attorney shall immediately notify Board staff via email at BPHLiferAnalyst@cdcr.ca.gov or by phone at (916) 445-4072;
- D24. The panel attorney shall have valid state or federal government-issued identification and a current California State Bar card upon arrival to the institution; if the panel attorney experiences problems entering an institution on the day of a hearing, the attorney shall immediately notify Board staff via email at BPHLiferAnalyst@cdcr.ca.gov or by phone at (916) 445-4072;
- D25. The panel attorney may be assigned a client currently housed outside a CDCR institution, (example: county jail, medical or out-of-state facility, etc.) but scheduled for a parole hearing. The panel attorney is required to contact the client and provide the client information regarding the parole hearing process and options for moving forward with the scheduled hearing. The Board may ask the panel attorney for an attestation of such communication for invoicing confirmation.
- D26. If, after the client's scheduled hearing, the client's case is referred for en banc review by the full Board at a monthly executive Board meeting, the panel attorney shall provide a written or oral statement on behalf of their client at such proceedings, including appearance at those proceedings, whether in person or via telephone or videoconference.

^{**}This is a draft document that is being shared with stakeholder and may be edited and updated. This document is not to be released to the public.**

Additional				
Panel Attorney				
Expectations				

The following are additional expectations for panel attorneys:

- E1. The panel attorney shall behave in a competent and professional manner at all times with Board staff, institution staff, and all hearing participants:
- E2. The panel attorney shall wear professional attire at parole hearings;
- E3. The email address listed on the Panel Attorney Information and Certification Form (page 12) is the email of record for the attorney that will be used for all written communications from the Board, including panel and client assignments. It is the panel attorney's responsibility to notify the Board of a change in the panel attorney's email address;
- E4. The panel attorney shall respond to an offer of a panel assignment from the Board within three (3) business days; if the panel attorney declines the assignment or fails to respond within three (3) business days, the Board will consider it a request for a voluntary suspension (see below).
- E5. The panel attorney shall cooperate with the Board or its designee to verify compliance with panel attorney minimum qualifications, expectations, and training requirements;
- E6. The panel attorney shall not permit another attorney, including other panel attorneys, to represent a client assigned by the Board to the panel attorney;
- E7. The panel attorney shall promptly notify the Board if the panel attorney is arrested, charged, or convicted of a misdemeanor or felony in any jurisdiction, or a change in active status with California State Bar occurs;
- E8. The panel attorney shall submit invoices as required for all clients assigned by the Board.

Confidentiality Agreement

A panel attorney is legally and ethically bound to use the information contained in any documents provided by the Board for the sole purpose of representing their client through the parole suitability hearing process. A panel attorney is prohibited from distributing the documents or disclosing their contents to anyone who is not directly involved in representing the panel attorney's client in the parole suitability hearing process. Failure to protect the confidentiality of documents received from the Board will result in the panel attorney being referred to the Executive Officer to determine whether the panel attorney will continue to be assigned cases as an active panel attorney.

Referrals to the Executive Officer

Failure to meet any of the minimum panel attorney qualifications, expectations, or training requirements shall result in referral to the Executive Officer to determine whether the panel attorney will continue to be assigned cases.

The Board and/or its designee may collect data concerning the outcome of scheduled hearings, use surveys, interview incarcerated individuals and others, observe hearings, and review hearing transcripts to determine the level and quality of representation provided by a panel attorney.

A panel attorney who is (a) referred to the California State Bar for alleged misconduct by any state or federal judge or the Board's Chief Counsel, or (b)

^{**}This is a draft document that is being shared with stakeholder and may be edited and updated. This document is not to be released to the public.**

	arrested, charged, or convicted of a misdemeanor or felony shall be referred to the Executive Officer to determine whether the panel attorney will continue to be assigned cases.
Voluntary Suspension	A voluntary suspension is a request by an active panel attorney to not be assigned cases for a period of one (1) to four (4) weeks. A panel attorney may request a voluntary suspension no more than three (3) times during a calendar year (January 1 through December 31). Requests for a voluntary suspension from a panel attorney must be submitted in writing, and include a specific start and end date. In addition, if a panel attorney declines the assignment of a panel or fails to respond within three (3) business days to a panel assignment, the Board will consider it a request for a one-week voluntary suspension (see E4 above).
Payment	All panel attorney payments must be requested using the Board's Panel Attorney Invoice, available on the Board's website at https://www.cdcr.ca.gov/bph/attorney-overview/ (see BPH form 1076), unless requesting payment for representing a DNV, DPV, or DPH client, which requires submission of the Panel Attorney Invoice for DNV, DPV, or DPH Clients (see BPH form 1076(A) – DNV/DPV/DPH). Please see Payment section of Addendum on Representing DNV Clients, or Addendum on Representing DPV or DPH Clients, for information specific to payment for representation of DNV, DPV, or DPH clients, as applicable.
	Panel attorneys shall scan and submit one invoice per assigned client via email to BPHAccountingLiaison@cdcr.ca.gov . Incomplete or disputed invoices will prompt communication from Accounting to resolve the invoice issue and may delay payment processing.
	Panel attorneys shall certify the services they rendered to each assigned client by placing their initials next to the appropriate "Description of Services Performed." Panel attorneys shall also identify dates of completion and duration of interviews.
	Panel attorneys will be paid a flat rate of \$1,005 for each client assigned by the Board and accepted by the panel attorney on or after July 1, 2024, whose case they complete. For all hearings assigned by the Board and accepted by the panel attorney prior to or on June 30, 2024, panel attorneys will be paid a flat rate of \$945 for each client assigned to them whose case they complete.
	A case is completed when a scheduled hearing results in a waiver, stipulation, postponement, continuance, grant of parole, or denial of parole, and, when necessary, the full Board reviews the case en banc at a monthly executive Board meeting, if applicable.
	If the client submits a pre-hearing action and the Board approves it, in order for the panel attorney to receive full payment, they must attest they met with their client at least once prior to the pre-hearing action and reviewed their client's central

^{**}This is a draft document that is being shared with stakeholder and may be edited and updated. This document is not to be released to the public.**

file.

Panel attorneys who are unable to represent their assigned client through completion of the case may receive a pro-rated fee for services at the discretion of the Executive Officer or designee. The pro-rated amounts are as such:

- \$25 for Assignment
- \$175 for Central-File Review

Panel attorneys who are assigned a client solely for the purpose of representing them for en banc review by the full Board at a monthly executive board meeting will receive a pro-rated fee of \$300 to provide a written or oral statement on behalf of the client at the meeting, as described in D26.

Invoices shall not be submitted until the client's case is completed.

In order to ensure timely payment, invoices shall be submitted within 30 days of completing all hearing-related work for a client. Invoices are processed for payment by the State within 45 days from the date the invoice is received provided the invoice is undisputed.

Rev. 08/14/2024

**This is a draft decreased that is being about distributed and undeted. This decrease the state of the decrease that is being about a state of the decrease that is being about a state of the decrease that is being about a state of the decrease that is being about a state of the decrease that is being about a state of the decrease that is being about a state of the decrease that is being about a state of the decrease that is being about a state of the decrease that is being about a state of the decrease that is being about a state of the decrease that is being about a state of the decrease that is being about a state of the decrease that is being about a state of the decrease that is being about a state of the decrease that is being about a state of the decrease that is being about a state of the decrease that is being about a state of the decrease that is being about a state of the decrease that is being about a state of the decrease that is being a state of the decrease that is the decrease that it is being a state of the d

This is a draft document that is being shared with stakeholder and may be edited and updated. This document is not to be released to the public.

Panel Listing with Cities

Panel #1

Pelican Bay State Prison (PBSP): Crescent City, CA

Panel #2

High Desert State Prison (HDSP): Susanville, CA

Panel #3

- California Medical Facility (CMF): Vacaville, CA
- California State Prison, Solano (SOL): Vacaville, CA

Panel #4

San Quentin State Prison (SQ): San Quentin, CA

Panel #5

- Folsom State Prison (FSP): Represa, CA
- California State Prison, Sacramento (SAC): Represa, CA
- Mule Creek State Prison (MCSP): Ione, CA
- Sacramento Central Office (SACCO): Rancho Cordova, CA

Panel #6

- California Health Care Facility (CHCF): Stockton, CA
- Sierra Conservation Center (SCC): Jamestown, CA

Panel #7

- Valley State Prison (VSP): Chowchilla, CA
- Central California Women's Facility (CCWF): Chowchilla, CA

Panel #8

- Correctional Training Facility (CTF): Soledad, CA
- Salinas Valley State Prison (SVSP): Soledad, CA

Panel #9

- Avenal State Prison (ASP): Avenal, CA
- California Substance Abuse Treatment Facility (SATF): Corcoran, CA
- California State Prison, Corcoran (COR): Corcoran, CA
- Pleasant Valley State Prison (PVSP): Coalinga, CA

Panel #10

- North Kern State Prison (NKSP): Delano, CA
- Kern Valley State Prison (KVSP): Delano, CA
- Wasco State Prison (WSP): Wasco, CA
- California Correctional Institution (CCI): Tehachapi, CA

Panel #11

California Men's Colony (CMC): San Luis Obispo, CA

Panel #12

California State Prison, Los Angeles County (LAC): Lancaster, CA

Panel #13

- California Institution for Men (CIM): Chino, CA
- California Institution for Women (CIW): Corona, CA
- California Rehabilitation Center (CRC): Norco, CA

Panel #14

- Ironwood State Prison (ISP): Blythe, CA
- Chuckawalla Valley State Prison (CVSP): Blythe, CA

Panel #15

- Calipatria State Prison (CAL): Calipatria, CA
- California State Prison, Centinela (CEN): Imperial, CA

Panel #16

Richard J. Donovan Correctional Facility (RJD): San Diego, CA

^{**}This is a draft document that is being shared with stakeholder and may be edited and updated. This document is not to be released to the public.**

Panel Attorney Information and Certification Form

PLEASE TYPE OR PRINT LEGIBLY

I agree to all of the terms described in the Panel Attorney Appointment Program Guide (consisting of 12 pages), the Addendum on Representing DNV Clients (consisting of 2 pages), and the Addendum on Representing DPV or DPH Clients (consisting of 2 pages), as well as the reimbursement rates described therein. I acknowledge the Board of Parole Hearings has not made an offer of employment or a guarantee of appointment and failure to meet or maintain the terms described in the Program

may re								et oi	manna	alli trie	e termi		прец	in the	Piogi	а п
Printed	l Name)										<u>CA S</u>	state B	ar Nu	mber	_
<u>Signatı</u>	ure						_					<u>Date</u>				
Driver's	s Licer	nse Nu	mber									Date	of Birt	:h		_
Office ⁻	Teleph	one N	umbe	r			_					Cellu	lar Nu	mber		
E-mail	Addre	SS														
Busine	ss Ado	dress (availa	ble to	client	s and	the Bo	oard o	f Paro	le Hea	arings)	<u>:</u>				
														_		
Please	indica	te bel	ow wh	ich pa	nel gr	oupin	gs you	ı are iı	nteres	ted in	applyi	ng:				
anel #	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
theck II that oply																
Note: If	curren	tly acti	ve on a	a pane	l and o	lo not	wish to	make	any cl	hanges	, pleas	e leave	e abov	e blani	k.	

Board of Parole Hearings Panel Attorney Program Guide for the Parole Suitability Hearing Process Addendum on Representing DNV Clients

Additional Panel Attorney Expectations

This Addendum applies to representation of a client who is identified in DECS as DNV (vision disability, not impacting placement) and is not also DPH (hearing disability, impacting placement). If a client is identified in DECS as DPH, then the Addendum on Representing DPV or DPH Clients applies instead.

On July 31, 2024, as part of the *Armstrong v. Newsom* class action lawsuit, the United States District Court, Northern District of California issued an Order Sustaining in Part Objections to Further Parole-Related Remedial Plan, which is attached to the Panel Attorney Program Guide for the Parole Suitability Hearing Process (Guide). (*Armstrong v. Newsom* (N.D. Cal. July 31, 2024) No. 94-cv-02307-CW, Doc. 3600.) The order included the following additional expectations for adequately representing a client with a vision disability who is identified in DECS as DNV (vision disability, not impacting placement) (see the list of DECS codes and meanings attached to the Guide):

- 1. The panel attorney must spend significantly more time on their representation of a client identified in DECS as DNV than is required under the Guide for a client without a disability affecting communication, consistent with their professional and ethical duties; the panel attorney may need to spend additional time accommodating their client as outlined in D7 of the Guide; the panel attorney shall attest on the Panel Attorney Invoice for DNV, DPV, or DPH Clients this provision was satisfied;
- 2. The panel attorney must conduct an additional legal visit with a client identified in DECS as DNV prior to their scheduled parole hearing date than is required under the Guide for a client not identified as DNV, DPV (vision disability, impacting placement), or DPH; the Panel Attorney Invoice for DNV, DPV, or DPH Clients must indicate that the panel attorney conducted, or made reasonable attempts to conduct, at least four (4) legal visits with their client who was identified in DECS as DNV;
- 3. The panel attorney must allow additional time, as needed, to explain and repeat explanations of documents for a client identified in DECS as DNV.

Payment

All panel attorney payments for representation of DNV clients must be requested using the Board's Panel Attorney Invoice for DNV, DPV, or DPH Clients, available on the Board's website at

https://www.cdcr.ca.gov/bph/attorney-overview/ (see BPH form 1076(A) – DNV/DPV/DPH). Panel attorneys shall scan and submit one invoice per assigned client via email to BPHAccountingLiaison@cdcr.ca.gov. The invoice should indicate the attorney is requesting payment for representation of a DNV client, who is not also DPH.

Panel attorneys will be paid a flat rate of \$1,205 for each client identified in DECS as DNV (who is not also DPH) who is assigned by the Board and accepted by the

Rev. 08/14/24

^{**}This is a draft document that is being shared with stakeholder and may be edited and updated. This document is not to be released to the public.**

Board of Parole Hearings Panel Attorney Program Guide for the Parole Suitability Hearing Process Addendum on Representing DNV Clients

panel attorney on or after July 1, 2024, whose case they complete. For all hearings assigned by the Board and accepted by the panel attorney prior to or on June 30, 2024, panel attorneys will be paid a flat rate of \$945 for each client assigned to them whose case they complete.

All other provisions of the Payment section in the Guide that are not in conflict with the above provisions apply.



Board of Parole Hearings Panel Attorney Program Guide for the Parole Suitability Hearing Process Addendum on Representing DPV or DPH Clients

Additional Panel Attorney Expectations

On March 20, 2024, as part of the *Armstrong v. Newsom* class action lawsuit, the United States District Court, Northern District of California issued an Order for Further Parole-Related Remedial Plan, which is attached to the Panel Attorney Program Guide for the Parole Suitability Hearing Process (Guide). (*Armstrong v. Newsom* (N.D. Cal. March 20, 2024) No. 94-cv-02307-CW, Doc. 3584.) The order included the following additional expectations for adequately representing a client with a vision disability who is identified in DECS as DPV (vision disability, impacting placement) or a hearing disability who is identified in DECS as DPH (hearing disability, impacting placement) (see the list of DECS codes and meanings attached to the Guide):

- 1. The panel attorney must spend significantly more time on their representation of a client identified in DECS as DPV or DPH than is required under the Guide for a client without a disability affecting communication, consistent with their professional and ethical duties; the panel attorney may need to spend additional time accommodating their client as outlined in D7 of the Guide; the panel attorney shall attest on the Panel Attorney Invoice for DNV, DPV, or DPH Clients this provision was satisfied;
- 2. The panel attorney must conduct additional legal visits with a client identified in DECS as DPV or DPH prior to their scheduled parole hearing date than is required under the Guide for a client not identified as DNV (vision disability, not impacting placement), DPV, or DPH; the Panel Attorney Invoice for DNV, DPV, or DPH Clients must indicate that the panel attorney conducted, or made reasonable attempts to so conduct, at least four (4) legal visits with their client who was identified in DECS as DPV or DPH;
- 3. The panel attorney must allow twice as much time for legal visits, compared to legal visits with other clients, with a client identified in DECS as DPH if they use sign language as a primary method of communication, and a sign language interpreter is necessary for effective communication between the attorney and the client; this allows extra time for the translation process; the panel attorney shall attest on the Panel Attorney Invoice for DNV, DPV or DPH Clients this provision was satisfied for applicable cases;
- 4. The panel attorney must use a sign language interpreter to ensure effective communication of written material, such as hearing transcripts and Comprehensive Risk Assessments, to a client identified in DECS as DPH and who uses sign language as a primary method of communication, if a sign language interpreter is necessary for effective communication between the attorney and the client;
- 5. The panel attorney must allow additional time to explain and repeat explanations of documents for a client 1) identified in DECS as DPV; or 2) identified in DECS as DPH who uses sign language as a primary method of communication.

Payment

All panel attorney payments for representation of DPV or DPH clients must be requested using the Board's Panel Attorney Invoice for DNV, DPV, or DPH

Rev. 08/14/24

Board of Parole Hearings Panel Attorney Program Guide for the Parole Suitability Hearing Process Addendum on Representing DPV or DPH Clients

Clients, available on the Board's website at https://www.cdcr.ca.gov/bph/attorney-overview/ (see BPH form 1076(A) – DNV/DPV/DPH). Panel attorneys shall scan and submit one invoice per assigned client via email to BPHAccountingLiaison@cdcr.ca.gov. The invoice should indicate the attorney is requesting payment for representation of a DPV or DPH client.

Panel attorneys will be paid a flat rate of \$2,010 for each client identified in DECS as DPV or DPH who is assigned by the Board and accepted by the panel attorney on or after July 1, 2024, whose case they complete. For all hearings assigned by the Board and accepted by the panel attorney prior to or on June 30, 2024, panel attorneys will be paid a flat rate of \$945 for each client assigned to them whose case they complete.

All other provisions of the Payment section in the Guide that are not in conflict with the above provisions apply.



CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Case Name:	John Armstrong, et al. v. Newsom, et al.	No.	4:94-cv-02307-CW
•	fy that on <u>August 14, 2024</u> , I electro Court by using the CM/ECF system:	•	the following documents with the
	NTS' SECOND NOTICE OF COM AL REMEDIAL MEASURES [EC		
•	all participants in the case are registed by the CM/ECF system.	ered CM/EC	F users and that service will be
of America th	er penalty of perjury under the laws ne foregoing is true and correct and t Angeles, California.		of California and the United States aration was executed on <u>August 14</u> ,
	J. Sissov Declarant		/s/ J. Sissov Signature

CF1997CS0005 67008801.docx